WEBVTT

NOTE duration: "00:56:08.9170000"

NOTE language:en-us

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00:00:00.000 \longrightarrow 00:00:01.197$ So welcome everyone,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00:00:01.197 \longrightarrow 00:00:03.990$ it is my great pleasure to introduce

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

00:00:04.067 --> 00:00:05.887 our seminar speaker today,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

00:00:05.890 --> 00:00:07.279 Doctor Elizabeth Tipton.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00{:}00{:}07.279 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}09.131$ She's an associate professor

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00:00:09.131 \longrightarrow 00:00:11.846$ statistics the Co director of the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00{:}00{:}11.846 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}13.936$ statistics or evidence based policy

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 $00{:}00{:}13.936 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}16.274$ and practice Center and a faculty

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 $00{:}00{:}16.274 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}18.428$ fellow in the Institute for Policy

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00:00:18.430 \longrightarrow 00:00:20.278$ Research at Northwestern University.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00{:}00{:}20.278 \longrightarrow 00{:}00{:}22.588$ Unducted sentence research focuses on

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 $00:00:22.588 \longrightarrow 00:00:24.917$ the design and analysis of randomized

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 $00:00:24.917 \longrightarrow 00:00:27.773$ experiments with a focus on issues for

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00:00:27.773 --> 00:00:29.745 external validity and generalizability,

 $00:00:29.750 \longrightarrow 00:00:32.788$ as well as meta analysis with the

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 $00:00:32.788 \longrightarrow 00:00:35.259$ focus on dependent effect sizes.

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00:00:35.260 --> 00:00:37.140 Um, today she's going to share with us

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 $00:00:37.140 \longrightarrow 00:00:39.014$ how to design randomized experiments

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 $00:00:39.014 \longrightarrow 00:00:41.264$ to better understand treatment effects.

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 $00:00:41.270 \longrightarrow 00:00:42.602$ Head virginity welcome best.

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 $00:00:42.602 \longrightarrow 00:00:43.934$ The floor is yours.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8496607

 $00:00:43.940 \longrightarrow 00:00:44.610$ Thank you.

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:00:44.610 \longrightarrow 00:00:47.616$ Thank you. I'm very excited to be here today.

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:00:47.620 \dashrightarrow 00:00:50.044$ I really wish I hear I wasn't talking

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00{:}00{:}50.044 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}52.463$ about my office slash closet and was

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:00:52.463 \longrightarrow 00:00:54.950$ actually with you guys in person and

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 $00{:}00{:}54.950 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}57.638$ this is my first time doing slides where

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:00:57.640 \longrightarrow 00:01:00.304$ I'm on the slide so it's a little.

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:01:00.310 \longrightarrow 00:01:01.458$ It's a little strange.

00:01:01.458 --> 00:01:03.712 I don't know what is the protocol

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00:01:03.712 --> 00:01:05.934 for questions. How do you guys?

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 $00:01:05.934 \longrightarrow 00:01:08.160$ How do you usually set this up?

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:01:08.160 \longrightarrow 00:01:09.620$ Do people what's the norm?

NOTE Confidence: 0.823528

 $00:01:09.620 \longrightarrow 00:01:11.678$ Do you guys usually up jump in

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 $00:01:11.678 \longrightarrow 00:01:13.418$ with questions or save them for

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 $00:01:13.420 \longrightarrow 00:01:15.756$ the end? So I think as you prefer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:15.760 \longrightarrow 00:01:17.800$ we can do either way. OK, I'm

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00:01:17.800 --> 00:01:19.844 just I won't be very good at

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:19.844 \longrightarrow 00:01:21.593$ checking the chat, so if there's

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00:01:21.593 --> 00:01:23.343 a question if somebody can just

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:23.343 \longrightarrow 00:01:25.680$ speak up that would be will do that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:25.680 \longrightarrow 00:01:28.136$ I'll do that on the chat. OK, thank you.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:01:28.136 --> 00:01:30.542 OK so I just want to set out background

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:30.542 \longrightarrow 00:01:32.690$ for what I'm talking about today,

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 $00:01:32.690 \longrightarrow 00:01:34.310$ which is I'm talking about randomized

 $00{:}01{:}34.310 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}36.417$ trials an I realized that in a

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 $00{:}01{:}36.417 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}38.740$ Biostatistics Department, you guys.

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 $00:01:38.740 \longrightarrow 00:01:40.900$ The idea that randomized trials are

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00:01:40.900 --> 00:01:43.046 common is probably almost absurdly basic

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 $00:01:43.046 \longrightarrow 00:01:45.293$ for the world that you operate in,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:45.300 \longrightarrow 00:01:47.452$ but I do a lot of my statistical

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:47.452 \longrightarrow 00:01:49.816$ work in the areas of education and

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:01:49.816 --> 00:01:52.490 psychology and kind of in the field

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:52.490 \longrightarrow 00:01:54.610$ experiments world and those areas.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:01:54.610 \longrightarrow 00:01:55.990$ Randomized trials have only

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 $00:01:55.990 \longrightarrow 00:01:57.025$ become common really,

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 $00:01:57.030 \longrightarrow 00:02:00.420$ I'd say the last 20 years.

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00:02:00.420 --> 00:02:02.690 So almost 20 years ago,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:02:02.690 \longrightarrow 00:02:05.060$ the Institute for Education Sciences

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 $00:02:05.060 \longrightarrow 00:02:07.913$ was founded in the Department of

00:02:07.913 --> 00:02:09.948 Education in the US government,

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 $00:02:09.950 \longrightarrow 00:02:12.314$ and that has funded almost 500

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:02:12.314 \longrightarrow 00:02:14.523$ what are called efficacy and

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 $00:02:14.523 \longrightarrow 00:02:16.759$ effectiveness trials and education.

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 $00:02:16.760 \longrightarrow 00:02:19.030$ Previous to that there were

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 $00:02:19.030 \longrightarrow 00:02:20.846$ very few of these.

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 $00{:}02{:}20.850 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}24.066$ There's also an increasing number of

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00:02:24.066 --> 00:02:26.875 nudge experiments in social psychology

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 $00{:}02{:}26.875 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}30.907$ experiments that are occurring in the world.

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 $00:02:30.910 \dashrightarrow 00:02:34.210$ I know that there's a lot of rain in mice

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:02:34.290 --> 00:02:37.590 trials occurring in developing countries,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:02:37.590 \longrightarrow 00:02:40.260$ so this is late in parallel,

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 $00:02:40.260 \longrightarrow 00:02:42.190$ maybe 2.

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 $00:02:42.190 \longrightarrow 00:02:43.156$ In public health,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:02:43.156 --> 00:02:44.766 they're being randomized trials there,

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00:02:44.770 --> 00:02:46.499 so I'm just sort of pointing out

 $00:02:46.499 \longrightarrow 00:02:48.180$ that these are becoming increasingly

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00:02:48.180 --> 00:02:49.936 common for policy decisions,

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 $00:02:49.940 \longrightarrow 00:02:52.588$ not just individual decisions.

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 $00:02:52.590 \longrightarrow 00:02:55.582$ But the trials as there as they are

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 $00:02:55.582 \longrightarrow 00:02:57.521$ designed currently are not necessarily

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:02:57.521 \longrightarrow 00:03:00.479$ ideal ideal in the sense that they are

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 $00:03:00.479 \longrightarrow 00:03:03.241$ not as big as we would like them to be.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00{:}03{:}03.241 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}05.889$ In order to be able to really explore

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:05.889 \longrightarrow 00:03:08.072$ the data well, there often in,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:03:08.072 --> 00:03:08.760 you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00{:}03{:}08.760 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}10.565$ sort of somewhat small samples

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:03:10.565 --> 00:03:13.400 of clusters in the in the kind of

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00{:}03{:}13.400 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}15.633$ education world that I work in it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:03:15.640 --> 00:03:17.608 They're very often just simple to

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

00:03:17.608 --> 00:03:19.420 arm designs 5050 treatment control.

 $00:03:19.420 \longrightarrow 00:03:21.695$ I much less common to see things

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00:03:21.695 --> 00:03:23.888 like step wedge or smart designs,

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 $00:03:23.890 \longrightarrow 00:03:27.590$ so those are trickling in, I think.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:27.590 \longrightarrow 00:03:29.854$ And the goal of these the is often

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:29.854 \longrightarrow 00:03:32.361$ to get into some things like clearing

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:32.361 \longrightarrow 00:03:35.171$ House of some places so that policy

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:35.171 \longrightarrow 00:03:37.781$ making decision makers can use the

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00{:}03{:}37.781 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}39.770$ information from the trials to

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:39.770 \longrightarrow 00:03:40.510$ make decisions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:40.510 \longrightarrow 00:03:42.722$ But the problem which is the focus

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:42.722 \longrightarrow 00:03:45.240$ of my talk is that there very

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00:03:45.240 --> 00:03:47.478 often been taking place in samples

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 $00:03:47.548 \longrightarrow 00:03:49.728$ that are purely of convenience,

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 $00:03:49.730 \longrightarrow 00:03:51.570$ which makes thinking about generalizability

NOTE Confidence: 0.85336065

 $00:03:51.570 \longrightarrow 00:03:53.042$ and heterogeneity rather difficult.

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 $00:03:57.540 \longrightarrow 00:03:59.820$ If the treatment of X very if treatment

 $00{:}03{:}59.820 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}01.435$ effects vary across individuals or

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 $00{:}04{:}01.435 \to 00{:}04{:}03.738$ they vary across clusters in some way,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:03.740 \longrightarrow 00:04:05.210$ then it's pretty straightforward to

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:04:05.210 --> 00:04:07.477 see as a group of statisticians here

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:07.477 \longrightarrow 00:04:09.312$ that the average treatment effect

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:04:09.312 --> 00:04:11.468 you would get in the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:11.470 \longrightarrow 00:04:13.678$ Is probably not exactly the same thing as

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:13.678 \longrightarrow 00:04:15.906$ the average treatment effect in the sample,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:15.910 \longrightarrow 00:04:18.311$ and that these could be guite different

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:18.311 \longrightarrow 00:04:20.522$ if treatment effects vary a lot aniff

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:20.522 \longrightarrow 00:04:22.780$ depending upon how the sample is selected.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:22.780 \longrightarrow 00:04:25.054$ So there has been an increasing

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:25.054 \longrightarrow 00:04:27.429$ amount of work in this area.

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 $00{:}04{:}27.430 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}30.190$ There's a couple of papers I think that

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00:04:30.190 --> 00:04:32.077 are particularly helpful if there's

00:04:32.077 --> 00:04:34.333 a paper in education where they're

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}04{:}34.333 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}36.690$ looking at bias from non random treats.

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 $00:04:36.690 \longrightarrow 00:04:38.660$ Non random treatment assignment or

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 $00{:}04{:}38.660 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}41.424$ they show that the bias of external

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:04:41.424 \longrightarrow 00:04:43.944$ validity is on the same order as

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:04:43.944 --> 00:04:46.171 internal validity bias and so to do

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00:04:46.171 --> 00:04:48.546 so they hear they sort of leverage

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}04{:}48.546 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}50.506$ and natural experiment with a

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}04{:}50.506 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}52.350$ randomized trial to look at this.

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00:04:52.350 --> 00:04:54.130 And that's worked by Bell,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:04:54.130 --> 00:04:55.474 Olson, Oregon, Stewart.

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 $00:04:55.474 \longrightarrow 00:04:57.714$ There's also work showing that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}04{:}57.720 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}00.429$ In education and the kinds of schools

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:00.429 \longrightarrow 00:05:03.205$ and school districts that take part in

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:03.205 \longrightarrow 00:05:05.140$ randomized trials are different than

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:05.140 \longrightarrow 00:05:07.930$ the populations of various populations.

00:05:07.930 --> 00:05:10.186 At something like the Institute of

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 $00:05:10.186 \longrightarrow 00:05:12.599$ Education Sciences might be interested in,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:05:12.600 --> 00:05:16.092 so I have a paper out with Jessica Spy,

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 $00:05:16.100 \longrightarrow 00:05:17.975$ Brooke Ann are students looking

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}05{:}17.975 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}20.268$ at 37 randomized trials and the

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 $00{:}05{:}20.268 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}22.368$ samples of schools taking part in

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:05:22.368 --> 00:05:24.372 those studies and comparing them

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:24.372 \longrightarrow 00:05:26.597$ to various populations of schools.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:26.600 \longrightarrow 00:05:28.190$ In the US.

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 $00{:}05{:}28.190 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}31.370$ There's also work hidden behind me.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:31.370 \longrightarrow 00:05:32.963$ By Liz Stewart.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:05:32.963 \longrightarrow 00:05:36.149$ San colleagues looking at school districts

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 $00{:}05{:}36.149 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}39.599$ and a couple of other papers as well,

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 $00:05:39.600 \longrightarrow 00:05:42.498$ and these find fairly consistent things.

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 $00:05:42.500 \longrightarrow 00:05:43.714$ For example,

 $00:05:43.714 \longrightarrow 00:05:46.749$ that large school districts are

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 $00{:}05{:}46.749 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}48.570$ over represented in research.

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 $00:05:48.570 \longrightarrow 00:05:52.458$ Relative to the size of districts in the US.

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 $00:05:52.460 \longrightarrow 00:05:54.791$ There's been also a lot of work

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:05:54.791 --> 00:05:57.006 in this area of generalizability

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}05{:}57.006 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}59.278$ and post hoc corrections.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}05{:}59.280 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}02.325$ I started into this work looking at

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00:06:02.325 --> 00:06:04.995 using post stratification as a way

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 $00{:}06{:}04.995 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}07.135$ of estimating a population average

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:06:07.135 --> 00:06:09.069 treatment effect from a sample.

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 $00{:}06{:}09.070 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}11.200$ There's also been work using

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00:06:11.200 --> 00:06:12.478 inverse probability weighting,

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00:06:12.480 --> 00:06:13.758 maximum entropy weighting

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 $00:06:13.758 \longrightarrow 00:06:14.610$ bounding approaches.

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 $00:06:14.610 \longrightarrow 00:06:16.740$ There have been some approaches

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:16.740 \longrightarrow 00:06:18.444$ that focus on little,

 $00:06:18.450 \longrightarrow 00:06:21.638$ so I'm thinking like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:21.640 \longrightarrow 00:06:23.796$ Here's the paper and Stuart San Green.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:23.800 \longrightarrow 00:06:25.340$ I think that does that,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:25.340 \longrightarrow 00:06:27.090$ so there's been like a kind of

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:27.090 \longrightarrow 00:06:29.029$ a flurry of method development.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:29.030 \longrightarrow 00:06:31.186$ I think here in this area of

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:06:31.186 --> 00:06:32.110 thinking you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00{:}06{:}32.110 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}33.958$ how do I actually estimate this?

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 $00:06:33.960 \longrightarrow 00:06:36.224$ If I have population data of different forms

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 $00:06:36.224 \longrightarrow 00:06:38.890$ and I have sample data of different forms,

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 $00:06:38.890 \longrightarrow 00:06:41.302$ how can I actually estimate a

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 $00:06:41.302 \longrightarrow 00:06:42.910$ population average treatment effect?

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00:06:42.910 --> 00:06:45.550 But when I first started doing this work,

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 $00:06:45.550 \longrightarrow 00:06:47.384$ I realized in a series of examples

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 $00:06:47.384 \longrightarrow 00:06:49.601$ that I was working on that the

 $00:06:49.601 \longrightarrow 00:06:51.316$ effectiveness of these methods is

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 $00:06:51.316 \longrightarrow 00:06:53.211$ often severely limited in practice

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00:06:53.211 --> 00:06:54.699 because of undercoverage and

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 $00:06:54.699 \longrightarrow 00:06:57.430$ what I mean is that it you can't.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:57.430 \longrightarrow 00:06:59.537$ If it turns out that your population

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:06:59.537 \longrightarrow 00:07:01.875$ has there's a part of the population

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

00:07:01.875 --> 00:07:04.360 that's just not represented in the trial,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:07:04.360 \longrightarrow 00:07:06.010$ there's really not much statistical

NOTE Confidence: 0.8614285

 $00:07:06.010 \longrightarrow 00:07:07.330$ magic you can do.

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00:07:07.330 --> 00:07:08.980 You can make some assumptions,

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00:07:08.980 --> 00:07:10.960 but you can't really re wait

NOTE Confidence: 0.87749577

 $00:07:10.960 \longrightarrow 00:07:12.940$ something that doesn't exist, and the.

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 $00{:}07{:}13.970 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}16.175$ It's it's really a reflection of lack

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00:07:16.175 --> 00:07:18.270 of positive ITI in the study. Yes,

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 $00:07:18.270 \longrightarrow 00:07:19.494$ exactly thanks. Yeah exactly.

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00:07:19.494 --> 00:07:21.338 And yeah, I'm just using survey

 $00:07:21.338 \longrightarrow 00:07:23.180$ sampling language for the same thing.

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 $00:07:23.180 \longrightarrow 00:07:24.720$ That's right, yeah, and so.

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 $00:07:24.720 \longrightarrow 00:07:26.869$ And that's the lack of positive ITI

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 $00:07:26.869 \longrightarrow 00:07:28.535$ often arises because people aren't

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 $00:07:28.535 \longrightarrow 00:07:30.605$ thinking about what the population is

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00:07:30.605 --> 00:07:32.638 in advanced and so it's very tricky

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

00:07:32.638 --> 00:07:34.550 for them after the fact to generalize,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:34.550 \longrightarrow 00:07:36.410$ because it turns out that maybe

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00{:}07{:}36.410 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}38.249$ this what I as analyst him now

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:38.249 \longrightarrow 00:07:40.284$ trying to think of as the population

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

00:07:40.284 --> 00:07:41.908 isn't exactly the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:41.910 \longrightarrow 00:07:43.905$ but it's very hard for people to

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00{:}07{:}43.905 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}45.589$ articulate what the population is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:45.590 \longrightarrow 00:07:48.810$ and so spent a lot of time just trying to.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:48.810 \longrightarrow 00:07:50.826$ You're out what the population actually is,

00:07:50.830 --> 00:07:52.546 and if that's population is meaningful,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00{:}07{:}52.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}54.854$ as if that's a population that even matters.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00{:}07{:}54.860 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}56.869$ So I realized I pivoted a bit.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:56.870 \longrightarrow 00:07:58.346$ I realized that you could do

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:07:58.346 \longrightarrow 00:08:00.330$ a lot of this with statistics,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

00:08:00.330 --> 00:08:02.101 but you were going to be limited

NOTE Confidence: 0.8677029

 $00:08:02.101 \longrightarrow 00:08:04.070$ if you didn't design better trials.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:08.490 \longrightarrow 00:08:10.394$ And so that's allowed me to think.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:10.400 \longrightarrow 00:08:12.830$ Well, why don't we just start?

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:12.830 \longrightarrow 00:08:14.490$ The beginning and do this

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:14.490 \longrightarrow 00:08:16.730$ do a better job this so why?

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:16.730 \longrightarrow 00:08:18.356$ What have we started at the

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:18.356 \longrightarrow 00:08:20.119$ beginning of our studies by asking

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:20.119 \longrightarrow 00:08:21.991$ what the target population of the

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:21.991 --> 00:08:23.510 intervention was thinking about

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}23.510 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}25.178$ inclusion and exclusion criteria,

 $00{:}08{:}25.180 --> 00{:}08{:}26.592$ I think it helped.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:26.592 \longrightarrow 00:08:28.710$ This probably matters even more with

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:28.782 \longrightarrow 00:08:30.837$ like comorbidities and you know.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:30.840 --> 00:08:32.280 I like rolling out people.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:32.280 --> 00:08:33.996 You're doing a study on depression,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}34.000 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}36.009$ but you rule out people with anxiety,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:36.010 \longrightarrow 00:08:37.738$ and that's like a big problem

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:37.738 \longrightarrow 00:08:39.225$ for the interpretation since they

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}39.225 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}40.887$ were highly related to each other.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:40.890 \longrightarrow 00:08:42.885$ This is true in education as well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:42.890 --> 00:08:43.558 So like,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:43.558 \longrightarrow 00:08:45.228$ what are the inclusion exclusion

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}45.228 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}47.587$ criteria for your trial and how might

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:47.587 \longrightarrow 00:08:49.525$ that affect where you can generalize?

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:49.530 \longrightarrow 00:08:51.275$ And then also thinking about

 $00:08:51.275 \longrightarrow 00:08:52.322$ background characteristics and

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}52.322 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}53.641$ contextual variables that might

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}08{:}53.641 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}54.777$ moderate the intervention's effect

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:08:54.777 \longrightarrow 00:08:56.310$ and the tricky part here is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:56.310 --> 00:08:58.529 there's a little bit of a circularity

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:08:58.529 --> 00:09:00.419 which I'm going to keep coming

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:00.419 \longrightarrow 00:09:02.470$ back to in what I'm talking about,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:02.470 \longrightarrow 00:09:04.619$ which is in order to know these,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:04.620 --> 00:09:05.236 \ {\rm you \ know},$

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:09:05.236 --> 00:09:07.700 we don't know what these are in advance,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:07.700 \longrightarrow 00:09:09.660$ and we don't have a lot of

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:09.660 \longrightarrow 00:09:11.254$ knowledge generated to date about

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:11.254 \longrightarrow 00:09:12.630$ what these variables are,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:12.630 \longrightarrow 00:09:14.492$ because studies have not been designed to

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:14.492 \longrightarrow 00:09:16.630$ estimate or test hypothesis about moderation,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:16.630 \longrightarrow 00:09:19.294$ and so instead we have to sort of think

 $00:09:19.294 \longrightarrow 00:09:21.357$ through what we think might matter.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:21.360 \longrightarrow 00:09:21.707$ Using,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:09:21.707 --> 00:09:22.401 you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:09:22.401 --> 00:09:24.830 not a great source of knowledge here,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:24.830 \longrightarrow 00:09:26.910$ but the idea is that you sort of

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:26.910 \longrightarrow 00:09:28.788$ take all of this information and

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:28.788 \longrightarrow 00:09:31.241$ then you use this to create to

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:31.241 \longrightarrow 00:09:33.461$ use sampling methods to actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}09{:}33.461 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}34.793$ design recruitment procedures

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:34.793 \longrightarrow 00:09:36.245$ like using stratified sampling.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:09:36.245 --> 00:09:37.920 Figuring out if you should

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:37.920 \longrightarrow 00:09:39.400$ you know within Strata,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00{:}09{:}39.400 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}41.360$ using balanced sampling or random

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:41.360 \longrightarrow 00:09:43.677$ sampling and thinking about sort of

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

00:09:43.677 --> 00:09:45.714 ways in which you can increase the

00:09:45.714 --> 00:09:47.740 coverage so you can have positive

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:47.740 \longrightarrow 00:09:49.810$ ITI for the whole target population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:49.810 \longrightarrow 00:09:52.344$ so that when you do you know.

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:52.350 \longrightarrow 00:09:53.981$ When you do need to make adjustments

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:53.981 \longrightarrow 00:09:56.030$ at the end of your trial using

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:56.030 \longrightarrow 00:09:57.005$ these statistical methods,

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:57.010 \longrightarrow 00:09:58.865$ they are in a realm in which

NOTE Confidence: 0.881084

 $00:09:58.865 \longrightarrow 00:10:00.020$ they can perform well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:03.030 \longrightarrow 00:10:05.370$ This this sort of lad me to thinking about

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:05.370 \longrightarrow 00:10:07.368$ tools for general for generalization,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00{:}10{:}07.370 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}10.090$ and so I just want to highlight this

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:10.090 --> 00:10:13.113 because I think this is a good strategy

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:13.113 \longrightarrow 00:10:15.589$ for methods people to think about.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:15.590 --> 00:10:18.520 So I I thought will nobody is going to do

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:18.592 \longrightarrow 00:10:21.418$ what I'm telling them to do if I don't

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:21.418 \longrightarrow 00:10:24.238$ build a tool because the kind of people.

00:10:24.240 --> 00:10:25.134 Clan randomized trials,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:25.134 --> 00:10:26.624 at least in my domain,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:26.630 \longrightarrow 00:10:28.466$ don't often have statisticians ready at

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:28.466 --> 00:10:30.818 the ready to work with them on things,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:30.820 \longrightarrow 00:10:32.536$ and they are often writing grant

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:32.536 --> 00:10:34.110 proposals before they've got funding,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:34.110 --> 00:10:36.670 and so it's very possible that they're not

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:36.670 \longrightarrow 00:10:39.223$ going to think about generalization or or

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:39.223 \longrightarrow 00:10:41.889$ have the training or tools to do it so.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:41.890 \longrightarrow 00:10:44.074$ I got a grant from the Spencer

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00{:}10{:}44.074 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}46.479$ Foundation and then I've had follow up

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:46.479 \longrightarrow 00:10:48.579$ money from the Institute of Education

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:48.643 --> 00:10:50.815 Sciences to build this tool called

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:50.815 \longrightarrow 00:10:52.962$ the Generalize are that uses some

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:10:52.962 \longrightarrow 00:10:54.346$ basic design principles standalone.

 $00:10:54.350 \longrightarrow 00:10:55.246$ It's got.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:55.246 --> 00:10:57.934 It's very focused on the user

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:10:57.934 --> 00:11:00.512 experience and it in the background

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:11:00.512 --> 00:11:03.740 has the Common Core of data which is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:11:03.740 \longrightarrow 00:11:05.738$ An annual census of the public

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:11:05.738 --> 00:11:08.473 schools in the US so that the data

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:11:08.473 \longrightarrow 00:11:10.750$ is already been cleaned and set up.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:11:10.750 --> 00:11:13.430 We're adding in right now the iPads data,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:11:13.430 \longrightarrow 00:11:15.563$ which is higher Ed data in the US and

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:11:15.563 --> 00:11:17.905 so the idea is somebody could go in

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00{:}11{:}17.905 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}19.930$ and walk through inclusion exclusion

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:11:19.930 \longrightarrow 00:11:22.110$ criteria identified moderate orsan.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

00:11:22.110 --> 00:11:23.845 It would build you stratified

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00{:}11{:}23.845 \to 00{:}11{:}26.120$ recruitment plan in less than an hour.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00:11:26.120 \longrightarrow 00:11:28.632$ You could leave with a list of all

NOTE Confidence: 0.8562651

 $00{:}11{:}28.632 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}30.730$ the schools and start being able

 $00:11:30.730 \longrightarrow 00:11:32.130$ to recruit with the.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:11:34.550 \longrightarrow 00:11:36.657$ Great, I've had this going since 2015

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:11:36.657 --> 00:11:39.320 and it was very slow going for awhile.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:11:39.320 --> 00:11:41.896 This is sort of. I just realized this

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:11:41.896 \longrightarrow 00:11:43.902$ year that I could actually extract

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:11:43.902 \longrightarrow 00:11:46.794$ a lot of user data and So what you

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:11:46.794 \longrightarrow 00:11:49.177$ can see here is actually it was slow

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}11{:}49.177 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}51.396$ going and I had some early adopters.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}11{:}51.400 \to 00{:}11{:}53.944$ These are people that would be star users,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}11{:}53.950 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}55.852$ so many of them are planning

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:11:55.852 --> 00:11:56.486 randomized trials,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:11:56.490 --> 00:11:58.625 but there was actually a very big

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}11{:}58.625 \longrightarrow 00{:}12{:}00.585$ jump that occur this summer and

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}12{:}00.585 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}02.220$ that's based on this jump.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:02.220 \longrightarrow 00:12:03.880$ I actually started digging through

 $00:12:03.880 \longrightarrow 00:12:05.208$ things and realized that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:05.210 \longrightarrow 00:12:07.442$ Institute of Education Sciences that actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:07.442 \longrightarrow 00:12:08.930$ enacted requirements for generalizability.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:08.930 \longrightarrow 00:12:10.790$ In their request for proposals,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:10.790 \longrightarrow 00:12:13.044$ and so you can see that what

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:13.044 --> 00:12:14.880 I already always speculated,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:14.880 \longrightarrow 00:12:17.484$ which is that funders really drive change.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:17.490 \longrightarrow 00:12:19.583$ So once funders said you need to

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}12{:}19.583 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}21.580$ pay attention to generalizability,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:21.580 --> 00:12:24.090 people actually started paying attention

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:24.090 \longrightarrow 00:12:26.600$ to generalizability in their proposals.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:26.600 --> 00:12:28.432 OK, so this I just wanted to give

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:28.432 \longrightarrow 00:12:30.322$ you all of this background as a

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:30.322 --> 00:12:32.232 way of explaining sort of my like

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:32.232 \longrightarrow 00:12:33.912$ where I'm coming from in the in

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}12{:}33.912 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}35.925$ the in heterogeneity and how I'm

 $00:12:35.925 \longrightarrow 00:12:36.984$ thinking about this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:36.990 \longrightarrow 00:12:37.391 \text{ Um}$?

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:37.391 \longrightarrow 00:12:39.396$ So everything I've talked about

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}12{:}39.396 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}41.791$ is sort of averaging over hedge

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:41.791 \longrightarrow 00:12:44.297$ and 80 when we talk about analyze.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:44.300 --> 00:12:45.648 Estimate an average treatment

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:12:45.648 --> 00:12:46.996 effect for a population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:47.000 \longrightarrow 00:12:49.060$ assuming that there's variation of

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:49.060 \longrightarrow 00:12:51.560$ effects and we're averaging over those.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:51.560 \longrightarrow 00:12:53.576$ But to average over those requires

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:53.576 \longrightarrow 00:12:55.686$ that we know something about how

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:12:55.686 \longrightarrow 00:12:57.804$ treatment affects very and very often,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}12{:}57.810 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}00.085$ and I would say this is the

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:13:00.085 --> 00:13:01.620 in general we don't,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:01.620 \longrightarrow 00:13:04.100$ and the reason that we don't have a

00:13:04.100 --> 00:13:06.408 great handle on this is because sample

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}06.408 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}09.259$ size and sample sizes in randomized trials.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:09.260 \longrightarrow 00:13:10.990$ I've been very focused on

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:10.990 \longrightarrow 00:13:12.374$ the after treatment effect.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:12.380 \longrightarrow 00:13:15.156$ Moderators have only become more of a focus,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:15.160 \longrightarrow 00:13:16.544$ at least in education.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:13:16.544 --> 00:13:17.236 More recently,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:17.240 \longrightarrow 00:13:20.066$ and I think that's true in

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}20.066 \mathrel{--}{>} 00{:}13{:}22.730$ psychology and related areas as well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:22.730 \longrightarrow 00:13:24.434$ And they are often more like

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}24.434 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}25.830$ exploratory analysis at the end,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:13:25.830 --> 00:13:27.685 so you end up with these problems

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:27.685 \longrightarrow 00:13:29.130$ where moderador effects don't get

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:29.130 \longrightarrow 00:13:30.620$ replicated and they don't get

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:30.620 \longrightarrow 00:13:31.750$ replicated because there was.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:13:31.750 --> 00:13:32.500 You know,

 $00:13:32.500 \longrightarrow 00:13:34.750$ who knows how many statistical tests

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:34.750 \longrightarrow 00:13:37.538$ conducted in order to find those moderators.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:37.540 \longrightarrow 00:13:39.110$ So they're not very stable,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:39.110 \longrightarrow 00:13:40.730$ and we don't really necessarily

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:40.730 \longrightarrow 00:13:42.026$ understand or their underpowered

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:42.026 \longrightarrow 00:13:43.576$ deeply underpowered like you just

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:43.576 \longrightarrow 00:13:45.046$ have a very homogeneous sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}45.050 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}47.138$ And so how are you going to find

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:13:47.138 --> 00:13:48.814 a treatment effect variation if

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}48.814 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}50.986$ there's not much variation in your

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:50.986 \longrightarrow 00:13:52.248$ sample to start with,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:52.250 \longrightarrow 00:13:53.820$ so they're often an afterthought,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00{:}13{:}53.820 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}55.857$ but I what I noticed over time is

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:55.857 \longrightarrow 00:13:57.453$ that as generalizability has become

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:13:57.453 \longrightarrow 00:13:59.445$ something people are paying attention to,

 $00:13:59.450 \longrightarrow 00:14:01.124$ people are also starting to pay

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:01.124 \longrightarrow 00:14:03.018$ attention to the idea that you

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:14:03.018 --> 00:14:04.458 could predict treatment effects,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:04.460 \longrightarrow 00:14:06.410$ or that you could identify subgroup

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:06.410 \longrightarrow 00:14:08.151$ effects and that this might

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:14:08.151 --> 00:14:09.659 be very useful information.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:09.660 \longrightarrow 00:14:12.145$ Which led me to start thinking about

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:14:12.145 --> 00:14:14.917 how you would design trials for this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:14.920 \longrightarrow 00:14:16.330$ So what I'm going to,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:14:16.330 --> 00:14:18.129 what I'm leading up to is talking

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

00:14:18.129 --> 00:14:19.614 about designing trials to think

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:19.614 \longrightarrow 00:14:20.280$ about heterogeneity.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:20.280 \longrightarrow 00:14:22.156$ So I'm just going to start with

NOTE Confidence: 0.83171284

 $00:14:22.156 \longrightarrow 00:14:22.960$ like a little

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:23.021 \longrightarrow 00:14:24.506$ bit of a background here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:24.510 \longrightarrow 00:14:26.758$ So we're going to assume that you've got.

00:14:26.760 --> 00:14:28.170 I'm assuming we've got units

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:28.170 \longrightarrow 00:14:29.298$ which are usually here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:29.300 \longrightarrow 00:14:30.428$ Let's say students insights

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:30.428 \longrightarrow 00:14:31.556$ which might be schools,

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}14{:}31.560 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}33.246$ and I'm doing a randomized trial,

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:33.250 \longrightarrow 00:14:36.460$ and I've got these potential outcomes.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:36.460 \longrightarrow 00:14:38.674$ And so we've got both an

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

00:14:38.674 --> 00:14:40.680 average and intercept in these,

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}14{:}40.680 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}43.354$ and we've also got some sort of

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:43.354 \longrightarrow 00:14:45.678$ fixed variation that we can explain.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}14{:}45.680 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}48.384$ And then we have this other parts that

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}14{:}48.384 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}51.049$ are not affected by the treatment.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:51.050 \longrightarrow 00:14:53.696$ We've got some site level and individual

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:53.696 \longrightarrow 00:14:56.250$ residuals and some idiosyncratic errors.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:14:56.250 \longrightarrow 00:14:57.965$ But what we're interested in

 $00:14:57.965 \longrightarrow 00:15:00.188$ really is in these these moderate

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}15{:}00.188 --{>} 00{:}15{:}01.948 \; \mathrm{yrs} \; \mathrm{of} \; \mathrm{treatment} \; \mathrm{effects},$

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:15:01.950 \longrightarrow 00:15:04.106$ and so you could say that Delta

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:15:04.106 \longrightarrow 00:15:06.888$ 0 is the difference in averages.

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:15:06.890 \longrightarrow 00:15:09.170$ I'm assuming these are centered variables,

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:15:09.170 \longrightarrow 00:15:11.557$ so this is nicely the difference in

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00{:}15{:}11.557 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}13.790$ averages and that the vector Delta

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

 $00:15:13.790 \longrightarrow 00:15:15.690$ is the difference between these

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

00:15:15.690 --> 00:15:18.149 effects of the treatment and then

NOTE Confidence: 0.84072816

00:15:18.149 --> 00:15:20.189 under treatment and under control.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:25.520 \longrightarrow 00:15:27.432$ A lot of so as you have to

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}15{:}27.432 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}28.341$ think about interpretability

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:15:28.341 --> 00:15:30.875 here of what I mean by Delta.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:30.880 \longrightarrow 00:15:32.698$ By this by these deltas and

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}15{:}32.698 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}34.246$ how to standardize because we

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:34.246 \longrightarrow 00:15:35.646$ wanted to talk about these,

 $00:15:35.650 \longrightarrow 00:15:38.034$ they need to have a mean of 0,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:38.040 \longrightarrow 00:15:39.822$ but also in order to talk

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:39.822 \longrightarrow 00:15:40.713$ about treatment effects.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:40.720 \longrightarrow 00:15:42.508$ Sort of done in general for

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:15:42.508 --> 00:15:43.700 developing things like power,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:43.700 \longrightarrow 00:15:45.080$ we often standardize them so

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:45.080 \longrightarrow 00:15:46.844$ often we have effect sizes for

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:46.844 \longrightarrow 00:15:48.168$ the average treatment effect,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:48.170 \longrightarrow 00:15:49.422$ their standardized in relation

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:49.422 \longrightarrow 00:15:51.690$ to the variation in the in the

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}15{:}51.690 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}53.010$ sample and the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:15:53.010 --> 00:15:55.034 And so here I'm going to sort of

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}15{:}55.034 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}57.612$ say we what we need to do is we

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:15:57.612 \longrightarrow 00:15:59.301$ need to standardize the covariates

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:15:59.301 --> 00:16:01.599 and we need to standardize the

 $00:16:01.599 \longrightarrow 00:16:03.303$ covariates in relation to the

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:03.303 \longrightarrow 00:16:04.236$ population standard deviation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:04.240 \longrightarrow 00:16:05.902$ This might not seem like this

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:05.902 \longrightarrow 00:16:07.670$ is like a radical statement,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:07.670 \longrightarrow 00:16:10.014$ but if you look into the power analysis

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:10.014 --> 00:16:11.967 literature on how to conduct power

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:11.967 --> 00:16:13.597 analysis for moderate are tests,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:13.600 \longrightarrow 00:16:15.070$ they are typically standardizing in

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:15.070 \longrightarrow 00:16:17.030$ relation to the sample standard deviation,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:17.030 --> 00:16:18.166 and in doing so,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}18.166 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}19.870$ it makes it impossible to see

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:19.934 --> 00:16:22.046 how your sample actually how you

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:22.046 \longrightarrow 00:16:23.950$ choose your sample might matter.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:23.950 \longrightarrow 00:16:25.234$ Isibaya standardizing by this

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:25.234 \longrightarrow 00:16:26.839$ fixed value by the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:26.840 --> 00:16:27.980 you've identified a population,

 $00:16:27.980 \longrightarrow 00:16:29.405$ and now we're standardizing by

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}29.405 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}31.008$ that population standard deviation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:31.010 \longrightarrow 00:16:34.097$ That will make the role that the

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:16:34.097 --> 00:16:36.929 sample plays here much more clear.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044 00:16:36.930 --> 00:16:37.259 OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:37.259 \longrightarrow 00:16:39.233$ so the fact that we randomized

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:39.233 \longrightarrow 00:16:41.082$ to treatment and control allows

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:41.082 \longrightarrow 00:16:43.446$ us to estimate these dealt these

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}43.446 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}45.517$ Spectre Delta using some generalized

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:45.517 \longrightarrow 00:16:47.537$ least squares of some sort,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}47.540 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}49.465$ and I'm being a little big here

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}49.465 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}51.347$ because I'm trying to encapsulate

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}51.347 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}52.850$ cluster randomized randomized

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:52.850 \longrightarrow 00:16:54.353$ block individual randomizer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:16:54.360 \longrightarrow 00:16:56.260$ all like versions of this.

00:16:56.260 --> 00:16:59.667 OK, so I can do so, I can separate.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}16{:}59.667 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}02.320$ These are at additive or rather subtractive.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:02.320 \longrightarrow 00:17:04.210$ I guess the treatment and

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:04.210 \longrightarrow 00:17:05.722$ the control their step.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:05.730 \longrightarrow 00:17:07.282$ You can separate them.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}17{:}07.282 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}09.610$ And and through this I can

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:09.693 --> 00:17:12.069 think about statistical power,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:12.070 \longrightarrow 00:17:15.857$ and for each of these moderador effects.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:15.860 --> 00:17:16.234 And so,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:16.234 \longrightarrow 00:17:18.125$ one way you can do that is through the

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:18.125 \longrightarrow 00:17:19.835$ minimum detectable effect size difference.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:19.840 --> 00:17:21.622 I don't know how common this

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:21.622 \longrightarrow 00:17:23.440$ is used in the sort of.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:23.440 --> 00:17:24.268 Biostats world,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:24.268 \longrightarrow 00:17:27.166$ but it's a pretty common metric that's

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}17{:}27.166 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}29.910$ used in cluster randomized trials in.

00:17:29.910 --> 00:17:31.870 The world I work in,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:31.870 \longrightarrow 00:17:34.222$ and so it's nice because it's

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:34.222 \longrightarrow 00:17:35.790$ sort of easily interpretable,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:35.790 \longrightarrow 00:17:38.527$ so this is the smallest affect size

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:38.527 --> 00:17:41.667 that you could for a for a given

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:41.667 --> 00:17:44.020 Alpha level which is affecting this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:44.020 \longrightarrow 00:17:47.328$ Msub knew this is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:47.330 \longrightarrow 00:17:49.020$ That's like the critical value.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:17:49.020 \longrightarrow 00:17:51.006$ This is sort of the smallest

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}17{:}51.006 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}53.076$ true effect that you could detect

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}17{:}53.076 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}55.442$ with the power that you with like

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:17:55.442 --> 00:17:58.168 80% power for example.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}17{:}58.170 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}01.410$ And so this is like a general form for this,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:01.410 --> 00:18:04.326 and So what I'm showing is that its function,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:04.330 --> 00:18:06.268 can I like move my hands?

 $00:18:06.270 \longrightarrow 00:18:07.215 \text{ I don't know}.$

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:07.215 --> 00:18:09.105 I'm just going to involve a

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:09.105 --> 00:18:10.479 lot of never mind,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:18:10.480 \longrightarrow 00:18:12.643$ so it's a function of the variation

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:12.643 --> 00:18:14.688 in the population in that covariate.

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

00:18:14.690 --> 00:18:16.640 It's also a function of S,

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:18:16.640 \longrightarrow 00:18:18.712$ which is you could think of as

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00{:}18{:}18.712 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}20.370$ the sort of covariance matrix

NOTE Confidence: 0.82586044

 $00:18:20.370 \longrightarrow 00:18:22.785$ of the X is in the sample,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00:18:22.790 \longrightarrow 00:18:24.138$ so those are different.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00:18:24.138 \longrightarrow 00:18:26.360$ And then it's a function of N,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00{:}18{:}26.360 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}28.628$ which is the sample size per cluster.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00{:}18{:}28.630 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}30.430$ I'm assuming it's constant here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00:18:30.430 \longrightarrow 00:18:32.870$ J is the number of clusters and P

NOTE Confidence: 0.8670643

 $00:18:32.870 \longrightarrow 00:18:35.740$ is the proportion in treatment. So

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

00:18:35.740 --> 00:18:38.154 that what is Sigma XK squared? Is?

 $00:18:38.154 \longrightarrow 00:18:40.352$ The population SD of effect modifier or

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

 $00{:}18{:}40.352 \to 00{:}18{:}42.389$ the population variance effect modifier?

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

 $00:18:42.390 \longrightarrow 00:18:43.790$ Is the population variance

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

00:18:43.790 --> 00:18:45.890 of the effect moderate or modifier?

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

00:18:45.890 --> 00:18:48.200 But then your square rooting it so

NOTE Confidence: 0.80064327

 $00:18:48.200 \longrightarrow 00:18:50.438$ it's going to be gradual scale.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

00:18:52.670 --> 00:18:55.078 OK, so just to give you a couple

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

00:18:55.078 --> 00:18:57.150 of special cases where you can

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00{:}18{:}57.150 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}59.250$ sort of parse out some things.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:18:59.250 \longrightarrow 00:19:00.900$ So there's been previous work.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:19:00.900 \dashrightarrow 00:19:03.532$ I meant to include a citation here by

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:19:03.532 \longrightarrow 00:19:05.162$ Jessica Spy, Brooke and colleagues.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

00:19:05.162 --> 00:19:06.458 That's looking at power

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:19:06.458 \longrightarrow 00:19:07.800$ for moderate are tests.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:19:07.800 \longrightarrow 00:19:10.110$ And so here's 2 cases we have.

00:19:10.110 --> 00:19:11.882 Site lab, site level,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00{:}19{:}11.882 \dashrightarrow 00{:}19{:}13.654$ moderate yrs and individual

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

 $00:19:13.654 \longrightarrow 00:19:15.169$ level moderate yrs and.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

00:19:15.170 --> 00:19:17.319 I'm I'm taking basically what they've got,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8265885

00:19:17.320 --> 00:19:19.156 but re tweaking part of it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:19:21.190 --> 00:19:23.542 Because I'm factoring out this Sigma

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:23.542 \longrightarrow 00:19:25.837$ squared and noting that you can

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:19:25.837 --> 00:19:27.799 actually pull out this thing called

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:27.799 \longrightarrow 00:19:30.165$ RXK at the front and the RXK is

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:30.165 \longrightarrow 00:19:31.918$ this ratio of the standard deviation

 $00:19:31.918 \longrightarrow 00:19:33.862$ of the covariate in the sample

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:33.862 \longrightarrow 00:19:35.592$ compared to the standard deviation

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:35.592 \longrightarrow 00:19:37.644$ of the covariate in the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:37.650 \longrightarrow 00:19:40.395$ And So what you can see here is by

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:40.395 \longrightarrow 00:19:42.686$ doing that you by rewriting it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:42.690 \longrightarrow 00:19:45.426$ This way you can see that our XK is

 $00:19:45.426 \longrightarrow 00:19:48.293$ having just as much of an effect on

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:48.293 \longrightarrow 00:19:50.433$ statistical power as things like the

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:19:50.433 --> 00:19:53.682 square root of N or the square root of P.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:53.682 \longrightarrow 00:19:55.506$ These other parameters that most power

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:19:55.506 --> 00:19:57.178 analysis has spent has focused on,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:57.180 \longrightarrow 00:19:58.008$ and that's true.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:19:58.008 \longrightarrow 00:20:00.260$ You know, in any of these designs.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:00.260 \longrightarrow 00:20:02.836$ Love seeing it in any of these designs.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:02.840 --> 00:20:06.114 RX shows up. OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:06.114 --> 00:20:10.020 so if RX is something that matters for power,

 $00:20:10.020 \longrightarrow 00:20:12.190$ a question will be well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:12.190 \longrightarrow 00:20:14.360$ What are people doing in

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:14.360 --> 00:20:16.096 practice right now right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00{:}20{:}16.100 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}18.698$ So maybe maybe people are choosing

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:18.698 --> 00:20:19.997 fairly heterogeneous samples,

 $00:20:20.000 \longrightarrow 00:20:23.464$ and So what I've got here is 19.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:23.470 \longrightarrow 00:20:25.860$ This is 19 randomized trials

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:25.860 \longrightarrow 00:20:28.250$ in education that we extracted

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:28.336 \longrightarrow 00:20:30.846$ information from and we've got.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:30.850 \longrightarrow 00:20:32.962$ So these are box plots of

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:32.962 \longrightarrow 00:20:35.120$ values across each of these 19,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:35.120 \longrightarrow 00:20:37.880$ and for each of them I've calculated for

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:37.880 --> 00:20:40.457 holding like the US population of school.

 $00:20:40.460 \longrightarrow 00:20:42.539$ So this is like the US population

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:42.539 \longrightarrow 00:20:44.729$ of let's say elementary schools.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:44.730 \longrightarrow 00:20:47.019$ I'm looking at the ratio of this

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:47.019 \longrightarrow 00:20:49.384$ moderate are in the sample in these

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00{:}20{:}49.384 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}52.240$ studies to the ratio of that to that

00:20:52.240 --> 00:20:54.694 standard deviation in the population OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:20:54.700 \longrightarrow 00:20:57.304$ and then I'm looking at boxplots of

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:20:57.304 --> 00:21:00.396 this and what you can see like do this,

 $00:21:00.400 \longrightarrow 00:21:00.737 \text{ don't?}$

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:00.737 --> 00:21:03.433 OK, what you can see here is that

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:03.433 \longrightarrow 00:21:05.230$ the bar at the bottom.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:05.230 \longrightarrow 00:21:08.020$ Can you see my cursor?

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:08.020 \longrightarrow 00:21:10.369$ Can't tell if you guys can see my curse.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:10.370 --> 00:21:10.631 No,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:10.631 \longrightarrow 00:21:11.936$ you can't see my cursor.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:11.940 --> 00:21:12.182 OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:12.182 \longrightarrow 00:21:14.360$ so the bar at the bottom there's an R

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:14.425 \longrightarrow 00:21:16.711 \text{ X} = \text{sqrt } 1/2 \text{ and then there's a line}$

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00{:}21{:}16.711 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}18.974$ across the top that's like a dashed one.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:18.980 --> 00:21:21.570 That's the R X = sqrt 2.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:21.570 --> 00:21:21.885 OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:21.885 \longrightarrow 00:21:24.090$ and so you can see that most

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:24.090 --> 00:21:26.298 studies are actually below there,

 $00:21:26.300 \longrightarrow 00:21:28.490$ less heterogeneous than the population there.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:28.490 \longrightarrow 00:21:30.310$ Below this line for one,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:30.310 \longrightarrow 00:21:32.392$ and they're actually far less heterogeneous

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:32.392 \longrightarrow 00:21:35.040$ than the than the population there are.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999 00:21:35.040 --> 00:21:35.403 Actually. NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:35.403 --> 00:21:37.944 If you look at these median values,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:37.950 \longrightarrow 00:21:40.128$ many of them are closed 2.5,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:40.130 \longrightarrow 00:21:42.754$ so they are about 1/4 of the variation

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00{:}21{:}42.754 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}45.227$ as we're seeing in the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:45.230 \longrightarrow 00:21:49.054$ So this gives you a sense that if.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:49.060 \longrightarrow 00:21:50.164$ That there's, uh,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:50.164 --> 00:21:52.040 an opportunity to improve, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

00:21:52.040 --> 00:21:55.240 Like I could increase power not just by

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00{:}21{:}55.240 \to 00{:}21{:}57.748$ increasing my sample size or increasing.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:57.750 \longrightarrow 00:21:59.160$ My sample size in schools or

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:21:59.160 \longrightarrow 00:22:01.093$ my sample size of the number of

00:22:01.093 --> 00:22:02.658 schools which are pretty expensive,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:22:02.660 \longrightarrow 00:22:04.788$ but I could also increase my power by

NOTE Confidence: 0.851218459999999

 $00:22:04.788 \longrightarrow 00:22:07.028$ changing the kinds of samples that I select.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:09.540 \longrightarrow 00:22:12.156$ And so that's where these numbers came from.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:12.160 \longrightarrow 00:22:13.790$ They should have gone to

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:13.790 \longrightarrow 00:22:14.768$ slightly different order.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:14.770 \longrightarrow 00:22:17.059$ So the main point is that design

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:17.059 --> 00:22:18.774 sensitivity, the way we think,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:18.774 \longrightarrow 00:22:20.504$ whether that statistical power or

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}22{:}20.504 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}22.362$ standard errors or whatever framework

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:22.362 \longrightarrow 00:22:24.540$ that there this is proportional in

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}22{:}24.603 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}26.934$ some way to this RX value that we can

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}22{:}26.934 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}29.284$ improve our design sensitivity by

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:29.284 \longrightarrow 00:22:31.889$ choosing a more heterogeneous sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:31.890 --> 00:22:34.042 And so funny, I must have like put

 $00:22:34.042 \longrightarrow 00:22:36.128$ this in here twice on accident.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:36.130 \longrightarrow 00:22:38.097$ So this is the same thing but

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:38.097 \longrightarrow 00:22:39.769$ with a line through it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:39.770 \longrightarrow 00:22:42.050$ OK so if once you have that insight

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:42.050 \longrightarrow 00:22:43.100$ that heterogeneity matters,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:43.100 --> 00:22:44.505 that it's actually something that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:44.505 \longrightarrow 00:22:46.554$ we can include in our power analysis

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:46.554 \longrightarrow 00:22:48.598$ and that is something that is not

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}22{:}48.598 {\:\dashrightarrow\:} 00{:}22{:}50.070$ actually happening in practice.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:50.070 --> 00:22:52.212 Then we can start thinking about how

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}22{:}52.212 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}54.419$ we might plan studies differently.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:54.420 \longrightarrow 00:22:55.518$ OK, so if.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:22:55.518 \longrightarrow 00:22:58.080$ So how can we improve statistical power?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:58.080 --> 00:22:58.379 Well,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:22:58.379 --> 00:23:01.070 a lot of the literature as I was saying,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:01.070 --> 00:23:02.774 is focused on improving power by

 $00:23:02.774 \longrightarrow 00:23:04.360$ increasing sample size or instead.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:04.360 --> 00:23:06.600 But what I'm arguing here is that you

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:06.600 --> 00:23:08.249 could increase instead this ratio.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:08.250 \longrightarrow 00:23:09.575$ You could increase the variation

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:09.575 --> 00:23:10.900 in your sample choosing more

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:10.950 \longrightarrow 00:23:12.114$ heterogeneous sample annual have

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:12.114 \longrightarrow 00:23:13.569$ more statistical power for test

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:13.569 --> 00:23:15.129 of heterogeneity of moderators,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:15.130 --> 00:23:17.514 and So what would you do with this?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:17.520 \longrightarrow 00:23:19.266$ It would mean you know purposefully

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:19.266 --> 00:23:21.109 choosing sites that were more extreme,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:21.110 --> 00:23:21.929 it might end,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:21.929 \longrightarrow 00:23:24.689$ and that's easy enough to do in one variable.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}23{:}24.690 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}27.876$ And I'm going to talk a little bit about

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:27.876 \longrightarrow 00:23:31.138$ how to do that with multiple variables.

 $00:23:31.140 \longrightarrow 00:23:32.216$ So with a simple,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:32.216 \longrightarrow 00:23:35.029$ let's just say we had one single continuous.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

00:23:35.030 --> 00:23:37.298 Moderate are like this is a normal

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:37.298 \longrightarrow 00:23:38.270$ distance normally distributed.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:38.270 \longrightarrow 00:23:40.552$ This theory would tell us that we

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:40.552 \longrightarrow 00:23:42.479$ should choose half of our sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}23{:}42.480 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}44.615$ We would choose half of our sample

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:44.615 \longrightarrow 00:23:46.891$ from the upper from the upper an

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}23{:}46.891 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}48.835$ lower tails and choosing them from

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:48.898 \longrightarrow 00:23:50.878$ the upper and lower tails were

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00{:}23{:}50.878 \longrightarrow 00{:}23{:}53.172$ actually getting an RX of sqrt 2.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:53.172 \longrightarrow 00:23:55.116$ This is actually a rather large,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:55.120 \longrightarrow 00:23:57.272$ so this is going to create a much

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:57.272 \longrightarrow 00:23:59.000$ more homogeneous heterogeneous sample,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:23:59.000 \longrightarrow 00:24:00.810$ thus increasing our statistical power

NOTE Confidence: 0.8691194

 $00:24:00.810 \longrightarrow 00:24:02.870$ because it's more heterogeneous than the.

 $00:24:02.870 \longrightarrow 00:24:03.830$ In the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:07.120 \longrightarrow 00:24:08.745$ Similarly, if we had two

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:08.745 \longrightarrow 00:24:09.720$ correlated normal variables,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:09.720 \longrightarrow 00:24:11.670$ when we this is, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:11.670 \longrightarrow 00:24:14.270$ we could imagine getting the corners of this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:14.270 \longrightarrow 00:24:16.545$ These are all principles, by the way,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

00:24:16.550 --> 00:24:18.170 straight up from experimental design.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:18.170 \longrightarrow 00:24:20.770$ If you think if you think about it,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:20.770 \longrightarrow 00:24:22.720$ there are principles from like 2.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00{:}24{:}22.720 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}24.592$ You know two factor studies or

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00{:}24{:}24.592 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}26.283$ multi factor studies where you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:26.283 \longrightarrow 00:24:28.611$ manipulating and instead I'm just saying

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:28.611 \longrightarrow 00:24:30.571$ instead of manipulating these factors

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:30.571 \longrightarrow 00:24:32.406$ were now measuring these factors.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

00:24:32.410 --> 00:24:33.980 Someplace you could choose them

 $00:24:33.980 \longrightarrow 00:24:35.550$ to be extreme design points.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:35.550 \longrightarrow 00:24:37.434$ It gets a little harder once

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:37.434 \longrightarrow 00:24:38.376$ things become correlated,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:38.380 \longrightarrow 00:24:39.950$ so when they become correlated,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00{:}24{:}39.950 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}41.868$ I don't have as much sample available

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:41.868 \longrightarrow 00:24:43.816$ to me because there's just fewer

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

00:24:43.816 --> 00:24:45.596 population units in those corners,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:45.600 \longrightarrow 00:24:47.340$ and so it's going to become

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:47.340 \longrightarrow 00:24:49.370$ increasingly hard as I add variables,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

00:24:49.370 --> 00:24:51.589 it might become harder and harder in

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00{:}24{:}51.589 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}53.800$ order to figure out what these units

NOTE Confidence: 0.8697402

 $00:24:53.800 \longrightarrow 00:24:55.960$ are that I could be sampling from.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}25{:}01.780 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}03.660$ So I started thinking about

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:03.660 --> 00:25:05.540 how you would do this,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:05.540 \longrightarrow 00:25:07.899$ and I realized that there is actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:07.899 \longrightarrow 00:25:10.690$ a literature on this in in the world

 $00:25:10.690 \longrightarrow 00:25:12.405$ of sort of industrial experiments

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:12.473 \longrightarrow 00:25:14.189$ and industrial experiments,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:14.190 --> 00:25:16.350 and in psychology people again are

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:16.350 \longrightarrow 00:25:18.320$ thinking about multi factor studies.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:18.320 \longrightarrow 00:25:21.386$ So they're thinking about things you could

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:21.386 \longrightarrow 00:25:24.510$ better in the experimenters control.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:24.510 --> 00:25:27.009 But we could instead bout sampling in

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:27.009 \longrightarrow 00:25:29.829$ the same as the same kind of thing.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}25{:}29.830 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}31.720$ Except that we don't have control

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}25{:}31.720 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}32.665$ over manipulating them.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:32.670 \longrightarrow 00:25:34.958$ We can find these units and as as

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:34.958 \longrightarrow 00:25:36.130$ an alternative approach,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}25{:}36.130 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}38.098$ so one of the things we want to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:38.098 --> 00:25:40.450 do is we want to make sure that

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:40.450 \longrightarrow 00:25:42.549$ we observe the full range of

00:25:42.549 --> 00:25:44.634 covariate values in the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}25{:}44.640 {\:\dashrightarrow\:} 00{:}25{:}46.838$ so it requires us to actually think,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:46.840 --> 00:25:47.484 you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:47.484 \longrightarrow 00:25:49.094$ explore the population data and

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:49.094 --> 00:25:51.023 make sure that we can understand

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:51.023 \longrightarrow 00:25:52.823$ what that range of values is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:52.830 \longrightarrow 00:25:54.818$ We might need to think carefully about

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:54.818 \longrightarrow 00:25:56.610$ moderators that are highly correlated.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:25:56.610 \longrightarrow 00:25:59.760$ It can be very hard to D alias these effects,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:25:59.760 --> 00:26:02.329 so if you have two highly correlated

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:02.329 \longrightarrow 00:26:03.956$ moderators. I think about that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:03.956 \longrightarrow 00:26:05.526$ I have two highly correlated

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:05.526 \longrightarrow 00:26:06.429$ moderators like this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:06.430 \longrightarrow 00:26:08.296$ If I want to estimate and

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:08.296 \longrightarrow 00:26:09.540$ understand moderators of X,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:09.540 \longrightarrow 00:26:11.430$ if I want to explore X&Z and

 $00:26:11.430 \longrightarrow 00:26:12.960$ these are highly correlated,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}26{:}12.960 \longrightarrow 00{:}26{:}15.120$ I'm going to really need to make sure

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:15.120 \longrightarrow 00:26:17.222$ I have those off diagonals that are

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:26:17.222 --> 00:26:20.187 kind of more rare in order to help me

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:20.187 \longrightarrow 00:26:21.932$ separate these effects an understand

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:21.932 \longrightarrow 00:26:23.358$ the unique contribution of each.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:23.358 \longrightarrow 00:26:25.368$ The other is that if we might

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:26:25.368 --> 00:26:26.784 have many potential moderators

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:26.784 \longrightarrow 00:26:28.200$ that we're interested in,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:28.200 \longrightarrow 00:26:30.027$ and so we're going to have to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:30.027 \longrightarrow 00:26:31.965$ anticipate this in advance and think

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:31.965 \longrightarrow 00:26:33.800$ carefully about sort of compromises,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}26{:}33.800 \dashrightarrow 00{:}26{:}36.050$ we might need to make here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:26:36.050 --> 00:26:37.390 But also think very carefully,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:37.390 \longrightarrow 00:26:39.676$ like we're not going to be able to expand

 $00:26:39.676 \longrightarrow 00:26:41.918$ this study to have a much bigger sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:41.920 \longrightarrow 00:26:43.856$ So a lot of what I'm trying to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:43.856 \longrightarrow 00:26:45.659$ operate under the constraint here is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:45.660 \longrightarrow 00:26:47.220$ let's not change the sample size

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:47.220 \longrightarrow 00:26:49.130$ if we don't change the sample size,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:49.130 \longrightarrow 00:26:50.708$ but we instead change the height

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:50.708 \longrightarrow 00:26:52.340$ types of units in our study,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:52.340 \longrightarrow 00:26:55.238$ how much better can we do?

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493 00:26:55.240 --> 00:26:55.590 OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:26:55.590 \longrightarrow 00:26:58.040$ so this leads to a principle found

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}26{:}58.040 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}00.495$ in response surface models called D

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:00.495 \longrightarrow 00:27:03.015$ optimality and so AD optimal design.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:03.020 --> 00:27:06.512 This is work from the 40s and 60 Forties,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:06.520 \longrightarrow 00:27:07.585$ 50s and 60s.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:07.585 --> 00:27:10.800 A lot of work here by Walt Kiefer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:10.800 \longrightarrow 00:27:13.128$ and a lot of people in

 $00:27:13.128 \longrightarrow 00:27:13.904$ industrial experiments.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}27{:}13.910 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}16.318$ The idea is that you can instead focus

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:16.318 \longrightarrow 00:27:19.340$ on the generalized variance an you want

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:19.340 --> 00:27:21.685 to minimize the generalized variance,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:21.690 \longrightarrow 00:27:23.562$ which is the determinant.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:23.562 \longrightarrow 00:27:25.902$ So D is for determinant.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:25.910 \longrightarrow 00:27:27.452$ And so the design that meets

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:27.452 \longrightarrow 00:27:29.271$ this criteria is one that also

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}27{:}29.271 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}30.739$ conveniently minimizes the maximum

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:30.739 \longrightarrow 00:27:32.646$ variance of any predicted outcome

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:32.646 \longrightarrow 00:27:34.158$ based upon these covariates.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:34.160 --> 00:27:36.134 So this is great if what you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00{:}27{:}36.134 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}38.749$ headed for is trying to make predict

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:38.749 --> 00:27:40.453 individual treatment effects or

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

00:27:40.453 --> 00:27:42.499 site specific treatment effects.

 $00:27:42.500 \longrightarrow 00:27:44.276$ The nice thing about a method

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:44.276 \longrightarrow 00:27:46.190$ that's been around for a while

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:46.190 \longrightarrow 00:27:47.870$ is that there's been algorithms

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:47.870 \longrightarrow 00:27:49.220$ developed for doing this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:49.220 \longrightarrow 00:27:51.075$ Better out Federov win algorithm

NOTE Confidence: 0.88043493

 $00:27:51.075 \longrightarrow 00:27:52.930$ is widely used and variations

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:27:52.992 \longrightarrow 00:27:55.240$ of it and that these are package that

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:27:55.240 \longrightarrow 00:27:57.100$ there are like statistics package

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00{:}27{:}57.100 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}59.155$ already available that do this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:27:59.160 \longrightarrow 00:28:01.398$ So in our there's something called

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00{:}28{:}01.398 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}03.942$ the ALG design package that is set

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:03.942 \longrightarrow 00:28:05.904$ up to actually work through this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:05.910 \longrightarrow 00:28:08.388$ So designs that we know are optimal.

 $00:28:08.390 \longrightarrow 00:28:09.398$ In other contexts.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:28:09.398 --> 00:28:12.300 You know like our designs like Latin squares,

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:12.300 \longrightarrow 00:28:15.140$ designs etc all become special cases of this.

 $00:28:15.140 \longrightarrow 00:28:18.500$ So this is a much more general framework

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:18.500 \longrightarrow 00:28:21.640$ that doesn't require as many assumptions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:28:21.640 --> 00:28:24.034 OK, so once you start down this

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:24.034 \longrightarrow 00:28:26.719$ path you realize too that there are

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:26.719 \longrightarrow 00:28:28.915$ some tradeoffs here, so we have.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:28:28.915 --> 00:28:31.739 You can easily imagine that the design that

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:31.739 \longrightarrow 00:28:34.560$ is optimal for an average treatment effect,

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:34.560 \longrightarrow 00:28:36.768$ which might be a representative sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:28:36.770 --> 00:28:39.298 That sort of like a miniature of the

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:39.298 \longrightarrow 00:28:41.588$ population on covariates is likely not

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:41.588 \longrightarrow 00:28:43.976$ optimal for some of these standardized

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:44.045 \longrightarrow 00:28:46.319$ effect size differences where we might

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00{:}28{:}46.319 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}48.944$ need to oversample in order to estimate,

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:48.944 \longrightarrow 00:28:50.048$ estimate, estimate these,

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:50.050 \longrightarrow 00:28:51.610$ and so there's another.

00:28:51.610 --> 00:28:53.170 Benefit of this approach,

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00{:}28{:}53.170 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}55.767$ which is that you can focus on

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:55.767 \longrightarrow 00:28:57.624$ augmentation approach and what that

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:28:57.624 --> 00:28:59.990 means is you can actually say using

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:28:59.990 \longrightarrow 00:29:02.062$ these algorithms better billable 30

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

00:29:02.062 --> 00:29:04.946 sites or already for I've already got

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:29:04.946 \longrightarrow 00:29:07.954$ 30 design run so the language of this

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:29:07.954 \longrightarrow 00:29:11.249$ is these sites become designed runs.

NOTE Confidence: 0.831009269999999

 $00:29:11.250 \longrightarrow 00:29:13.280$ And I need to select 10 more.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

00:29:15.330 --> 00:29:16.914 Meaning population units, what?

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

00:29:16.914 --> 00:29:20.341 10 units can I augment it with that will

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00:29:20.341 \longrightarrow 00:29:23.210$ improve that will make this as D optimal

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00:29:23.210 \longrightarrow 00:29:25.755$ as possible given these constraints,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00{:}29{:}25.760 \dashrightarrow 00{:}29{:}28.514$ and so instead so we're thinking

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00:29:28.514 \longrightarrow 00:29:30.913$ of population units as possible

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00:29:30.913 \longrightarrow 00:29:33.769$ design runs and sample as design

 $00:29:33.769 \longrightarrow 00:29:36.448$ runs that we've chosen to use.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

00:29:36.450 --> 00:29:39.762 OK, so I'm just going to go through

NOTE Confidence: 0.87889427

 $00:29:39.762 \longrightarrow 00:29:42.388$ an example to talk about this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:45.440 \longrightarrow 00:29:47.456$ Don't have a ton more slides

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:47.456 \longrightarrow 00:29:49.490$ I should say so success.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:49.490 \longrightarrow 00:29:51.330$ OK, so here's an example.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:51.330 \longrightarrow 00:29:53.466$ The success for all evaluation was

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}29{:}53.466 {\:{\mbox{--}}\!>}\ 00{:}29{:}55.332$ an elementary school reading program

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:55.332 \longrightarrow 00:29:57.217$ evaluated between 2001 and 2003.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:29:57.220 \longrightarrow 00:30:00.388$ The reason I like to use this example.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:00.390 \longrightarrow 00:30:02.476$ Is that it's old enough that strangely,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:02.480 \longrightarrow 00:30:03.875$ they actually published in their

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:03.875 \longrightarrow 00:30:05.650$ paper a list of schools they

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:05.650 \longrightarrow 00:30:07.624$ actually named the schools in their

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:07.624 \longrightarrow 00:30:09.059$ study and characteristics of them.

 $00:30:09.060 \longrightarrow 00:30:11.083$ I have other data on other studies

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}30{:}11.083 \dashrightarrow 00{:}30{:}12.920$ where people have shared with me

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:12.920 \longrightarrow 00:30:14.738$ the names of the schools involved,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:14.740 \dashrightarrow 00:30:17.395$ but it's all like I have to keep it

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:17.395 \longrightarrow 00:30:19.527$ secret for the for IR be reason,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:19.530 \longrightarrow 00:30:21.595$ so that the fact that this is

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:21.595 \longrightarrow 00:30:23.409$ available makes it easier to use.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}30{:}23.410 \dashrightarrow 00{:}30{:}25.442$ So what I did is I went back

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:25.442 \longrightarrow 00:30:27.642$ and looked at the Common Core of

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:30:27.642 --> 00:30:29.666 data I identified based upon the

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:29.666 \longrightarrow 00:30:30.966$ study that they were.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:30.970 \longrightarrow 00:30:32.400$ In the way that they

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:32.400 \longrightarrow 00:30:33.544$ talked about their study,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:33.550 \longrightarrow 00:30:35.215$ that Title One elementary schools

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:35.215 \longrightarrow 00:30:38.415$ in the US at that time might be a

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}30{:}38.415 \dashrightarrow 00{:}30{:}40.245$ reasonable population to think that

 $00:30:40.245 \longrightarrow 00:30:42.379$ they were trying to sample for.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:42.380 \longrightarrow 00:30:44.648$ Title one schools have at least 40%

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:30:44.650 --> 00:30:46.498 students on free or reduced lunch and

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:46.498 \longrightarrow 00:30:48.352$ meet a few other characteristics and

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:48.352 \longrightarrow 00:30:50.697$ then they identified in the paper 5

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:50.759 \longrightarrow 00:30:53.069$ variables that they thought were possible.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:53.070 \longrightarrow 00:30:54.690$ Moderators that would be really

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:54.690 \longrightarrow 00:30:55.986$ important to include here,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:55.990 \longrightarrow 00:30:57.934$ so they talked about total school

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:30:57.934 \longrightarrow 00:30:59.230$ enrollment being a factor,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}30{:}59.230 \dashrightarrow 00{:}31{:}00.526$ racial and ethnic composition

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:00.526 \longrightarrow 00:31:01.498$ of the students.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:31:01.500 --> 00:31:03.670 So I'm using that here as the

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:03.670 \longrightarrow 00:31:05.644$ proportion of students that are black

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:05.644 \longrightarrow 00:31:07.612$ and the proportion that are Hispanic

 $00:31:07.612 \longrightarrow 00:31:09.932$ and SES meaning and a professor but

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}31{:}09.932 \dashrightarrow 00{:}31{:}11.894$ proportion at free and reduced lunch.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:31:11.894 --> 00:31:13.916 And they also talk about Urbanicity

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:13.916 \longrightarrow 00:31:15.963$ because they tried to make sure they

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:31:15.963 --> 00:31:17.665 had some urban schools in rural

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:17.665 \longrightarrow 00:31:19.315$ schools and some other schools.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:19.320 \longrightarrow 00:31:21.240$ So I should say in previous work of

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:21.240 \longrightarrow 00:31:23.172$ mine I've used this as an example

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}31{:}23.172 \dashrightarrow 00{:}31{:}24.955$ and then this study actually ends

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:24.955 \longrightarrow 00:31:26.640$ up being a fairly representative

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:26.640 \longrightarrow 00:31:27.988$ sample of the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:27.990 \longrightarrow 00:31:28.890$ which is interesting.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:28.890 \longrightarrow 00:31:31.313$ Is it because they had no real way

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:31.313 \longrightarrow 00:31:33.133$ of they weren't doing it totally in

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:33.133 \longrightarrow 00:31:35.182$ a way that allowed them to compare

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:35.182 \longrightarrow 00:31:37.377$ this or to choose this in a way,

 $00:31:37.377 \longrightarrow 00:31:39.871$ but they did a lot of work to try

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:39.871 \longrightarrow 00:31:40.990$ to be representative,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:40.990 \longrightarrow 00:31:43.000$ and this is much more representative

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:43.000 \longrightarrow 00:31:43.670$ sample then.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}31{:}43.670 \dashrightarrow 00{:}31{:}47.162$ I take the modal study is in this domain.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115 00:31:47.170 --> 00:31:47.485 OK,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:47.485 \longrightarrow 00:31:50.005$ So what I did for for this example

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:50.005 \longrightarrow 00:31:53.129$ as I'm comparing for you the actual

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:31:53.129 --> 00:31:54.945 sample that they selected,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:31:54.950 \longrightarrow 00:31:57.290$ so it's always these five moderators.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}31{:}57.290 \dashrightarrow 00{:}31{:}59.230$ The actual sample selected a

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}31{:}59.230 \dashrightarrow 00{:}32{:}00.394$ representative sample selected.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:32:00.400 --> 00:32:03.123 If I instead I use something like

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:03.123 \longrightarrow 00:32:04.290$ stratified random sampling.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:04.290 \longrightarrow 00:32:06.390$ The optimal sample based upon these

00:32:06.390 --> 00:32:08.276 five covariates using this ALG

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}32{:}08.276 \dashrightarrow 00{:}32{:}10.426$ design package and then various

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:10.426 \longrightarrow 00:32:11.286$ augmentation allocations.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:11.290 \longrightarrow 00:32:16.460$ And So what I would do here as I'd say.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:32:16.460 --> 00:32:19.108 So if I if I took 41, you know.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:19.108 \longrightarrow 00:32:20.980$ So if I used 36 sites that were

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:21.044 \longrightarrow 00:32:23.044$ selected with random sampling with

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:32:23.044 --> 00:32:24.644 stratified random sampling and

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00{:}32{:}24.644 \dashrightarrow 00{:}32{:}26.824$ then I reserved five of them that

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

00:32:26.824 --> 00:32:28.280 were selected using D optimality

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:28.280 \dashrightarrow 00:32:30.452$ and then I would change, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87089115

 $00:32:30.452 \longrightarrow 00:32:31.696$ the number of those.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:31.700 \longrightarrow 00:32:34.188$ So you could see this sort of effect.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:32:34.190 --> 00:32:35.655 You know that augmentation would

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:32:35.655 --> 00:32:38.155 have and then for each of these I

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:38.155 \dashrightarrow 00:32:39.785$ calculated a few different statistics.

 $00:32:39.790 \longrightarrow 00:32:41.960$ So you can see how this works.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:41.960 \longrightarrow 00:32:43.826$ So one of them is D.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:43.830 \longrightarrow 00:32:45.790$ This measure of the optimality.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:32:45.790 --> 00:32:48.338 And I'm going to show you relative

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:48.338 \longrightarrow 00:32:50.620$ measures because it's a little easier

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:50.620 \longrightarrow 00:32:52.490$ to see with relative measures.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:32:52.490 --> 00:32:53.870 I'm also including B,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:53.870 \longrightarrow 00:32:54.905$ which is generalizability

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:32:54.905 --> 00:32:56.580 index that I developed.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:32:56.580 \longrightarrow 00:32:59.280$ It ranges from zero to one and one means

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}32{:}59.280 \dashrightarrow 00{:}33{:}01.616$ that the sample isn't exact miniature

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:01.616 \longrightarrow 00:33:04.390$ of the population on these covariates.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}33{:}04.390 \dashrightarrow 00{:}33{:}07.384$ 0 means they like are completely

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:07.384 \longrightarrow 00:33:09.820$ orthogonal to each other and.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:09.820 \longrightarrow 00:33:13.572$ Chip in its the index is highly related

 $00:33:13.572 \longrightarrow 00:33:17.729$ to measures of undercoverage and how and

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:17.729 \longrightarrow 00:33:20.854$ the performance of reweighting methods.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:20.860 \longrightarrow 00:33:24.380$ And then the mean are meaning the ratio

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:24.380 \longrightarrow 00:33:27.347$ between the ratio between the

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:27.347 \longrightarrow 00:33:30.347$ standard deviation in the sample and

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:30.438 \longrightarrow 00:33:33.888$ population across these five covariates.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:33.890 \longrightarrow 00:33:36.170$ OK, so this is what we get out of this,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:36.170 \longrightarrow 00:33:38.130$ and so I just want to talk through this and

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}33{:}38.178 \dashrightarrow 00{:}33{:}40.047$ I'm happy to answer questions if there's.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:40.050 \longrightarrow 00:33:43.354$ I know there's a lot going on here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:43.360 \longrightarrow 00:33:46.690$ Really wish I could figure out how to do a.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:46.690 \longrightarrow 00:33:48.900$ Pointer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:33:48.900 --> 00:33:51.528 I don't think I can point out that way.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}33{:}51.530 \dashrightarrow 00{:}33{:}52.259$ OK, so OK.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:52.259 \longrightarrow 00:33:54.989$ So what I have going on here is the number

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:33:54.989 --> 00:33:57.660 of sites randomly selected is left to right?

 $00:33:57.660 \longrightarrow 00:33:59.250$ So on the left is the

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:33:59.250 \longrightarrow 00:34:00.870$ is the D optimal sample,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:00.870 \longrightarrow 00:34:03.120$ meaning the whole all 41 sites

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:03.120 \longrightarrow 00:34:05.000$ were actually selected using a

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}34{:}05.000 \dashrightarrow 00{:}34{:}06.540$ D optimal algorithm on the.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:06.540 \longrightarrow 00:34:08.856$ Right is the ideal for the

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:08.856 \longrightarrow 00:34:10.014$ average treatment effect.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:10.020 \longrightarrow 00:34:12.540$ We've used random sampling to stratified

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:12.540 \longrightarrow 00:34:14.876$ random sampling and just like the

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:14.876 \longrightarrow 00:34:17.204$ the sample an in the bar right right

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:17.273 \longrightarrow 00:34:19.277$ there that like right up there.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}34{:}19.280 \dashrightarrow 00{:}34{:}21.800$ This Gray vertical bar is the actual

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:21.800 \longrightarrow 00:34:23.900$ study values for each of these.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:23.900 \longrightarrow 00:34:26.396$ OK so you can see the actual study

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:26.396 \longrightarrow 00:34:29.057$ and then what I've got are three

 $00:34:29.057 \longrightarrow 00:34:31.017$ different lines going on here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}34{:}31.020 \dashrightarrow 00{:}34{:}33.176$ So one line that's sloping down in

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:33.176 \longrightarrow 00:34:36.008$ solid is the relative D optimality value,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:36.010 \longrightarrow 00:34:37.129$ so this is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:34:37.129 --> 00:34:39.740 You know the highest value is if

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:39.826 \longrightarrow 00:34:42.370$ it was a D optimal allocation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:42.370 \longrightarrow 00:34:43.658$ This is a ratio,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:43.658 \longrightarrow 00:34:46.160$ and then I've got the B index,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:46.160 \longrightarrow 00:34:47.890$ which is the generalizability index.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:47.890 \longrightarrow 00:34:50.298$ Is the other solid line going up,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:50.300 \longrightarrow 00:34:51.504$ and so, not surprisingly,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}34{:}51.504 \dashrightarrow 00{:}34{:}53.009$ that's increasing as we get

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:53.009 \longrightarrow 00:34:54.439$ to stratified sampling,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:54.440 \longrightarrow 00:34:56.510$ so these are going in opposition

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:56.510 \longrightarrow 00:34:57.545$ to each other.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:34:57.550 \longrightarrow 00:34:59.776$ Is what I'm saying and then this

 $00:34:59.776 \longrightarrow 00:35:01.340$ relative average standard deviation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:01.340 \longrightarrow 00:35:03.070$ Is this dotted bar line?

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:03.070 \longrightarrow 00:35:05.086$ So what so the main message of

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:05.086 \longrightarrow 00:35:07.691$ this is that these are going in

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:07.691 \longrightarrow 00:35:09.363$ opposite directions right that?

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}35{:}09.370 \dashrightarrow 00{:}35{:}11.954$ The the sample that is optimal for the

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:11.954 \longrightarrow 00:35:13.987$ average treatment effect is on the right.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00{:}35{:}13.990 \dashrightarrow 00{:}35{:}15.922$ The sample that is optimal for

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

00:35:15.922 --> 00:35:17.988 moderate are effects is on the left,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:17.990 \longrightarrow 00:35:20.185$ and so there's there's tradeoffs

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:20.185 \longrightarrow 00:35:22.763$ involved in these that what's best

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:22.763 \longrightarrow 00:35:25.219$ for one is not best for the other.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:25.220 \longrightarrow 00:35:26.948$ But there's other lessons in here,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:26.950 \longrightarrow 00:35:28.959$ wow, so the B index is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86540186

 $00:35:28.960 \longrightarrow 00:35:30.520$ which is a measure of similarity

 $00:35:30.520 \longrightarrow 00:35:32.130$ between the sample and population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:32.130 --> 00:35:33.565 is actually not that bad

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:33.565 \longrightarrow 00:35:34.713$ for the optimal sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:34.720 \longrightarrow 00:35:36.448$ So these these the sample is

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:36.448 --> 00:35:37.600 different from the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:37.600 --> 00:35:39.616 You'd have to do some re waiting,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:39.620 \longrightarrow 00:35:41.240$ but it wouldn't be a tremendous

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:41.240 \longrightarrow 00:35:43.585$ amount of re waiting to be able to

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}35{:}43.585 \dashrightarrow 00{:}35{:}45.090$ estimate the average treatment effect.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:45.090 \longrightarrow 00:35:46.764$ And so one lesson that you

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:46.764 \longrightarrow 00:35:48.260$ could think of it from.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:48.260 \longrightarrow 00:35:50.460$ This is if you actually if we designed

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:50.460 \longrightarrow 00:35:51.998$ randomized trials to test moderators,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:52.000 \longrightarrow 00:35:53.548$ we'd actually be in a pretty

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:53.548 --> 00:35:55.250 good space to test moderators.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:55.250 --> 00:35:56.930 And to estimate the average treatment effect,

 $00:35:56.930 \longrightarrow 00:35:58.370$ it wouldn't be that far off.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:35:58.370 \longrightarrow 00:35:59.555$ It wouldn't be.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:35:59.555 --> 00:36:01.135 It wouldn't be terrible,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:01.140 \longrightarrow 00:36:03.390$ and that makes sense because we're

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:03.390 \longrightarrow 00:36:05.771$ covering so much of the population

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:36:05.771 --> 00:36:08.592 by getting her across a bunch of

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:08.592 \longrightarrow 00:36:10.609$ moderators that we can do so that

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:36:10.609 --> 00:36:13.390 we can re wait when in a domain in

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}13.390 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}15.140$ which there's no act extrapolations,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:15.140 \longrightarrow 00:36:18.290$ we have positive ITI we can re wait next.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}18.290 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}20.994$ Another sort of I think finding here is

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:20.994 \longrightarrow 00:36:24.240$ if we look over at the right hand side.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}24.240 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}27.390$ If we do, you know the trade off is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:27.390 \longrightarrow 00:36:30.050$ If I do select for the average

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:30.050 \longrightarrow 00:36:30.810$ treatment effect.

 $00:36:30.810 \longrightarrow 00:36:32.180$ I do get a tremendously,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}32.180 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}34.348$ you know I can select for the average

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:34.348 \longrightarrow 00:36:35.750$ treatment effect and do pretty

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}35.750 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}37.358$ well for the average human effect,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:37.360 \longrightarrow 00:36:39.264$ but not do so well for that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:39.270 \longrightarrow 00:36:40.050$ For the moderators,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:40.050 \longrightarrow 00:36:41.610$ and so what's ideal for average

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:41.610 \longrightarrow 00:36:43.055$ is definitely not deal for

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:43.055 \longrightarrow 00:36:44.187$ the moderate are tests.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:44.190 \longrightarrow 00:36:45.968$ So and then the third thing would

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00{:}36{:}45.968 \dashrightarrow 00{:}36{:}48.278$ be if you look at the actual study.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:36:48.280 --> 00:36:49.216 As I was saying,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:36:49.216 --> 00:36:51.013 they actually did a pretty good job

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

00:36:51.013 --> 00:36:52.377 in terms of representativeness.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:52.380 \longrightarrow 00:36:54.284$ You can see that that top dot,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:54.290 \longrightarrow 00:36:56.390$ but if you look at the bottom

 $00:36:56.390 \longrightarrow 00:36:58.594$ at the other two dots you can

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:36:58.594 \longrightarrow 00:37:00.800$ see they didn't do so well for.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85962015

 $00:37:00.800 \dashrightarrow 00:37:03.229$ Being able to test these these moderators.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:06.550 \longrightarrow 00:37:09.142$ OK, so in case that was not intuitive

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:09.142 \longrightarrow 00:37:11.420$ another way you could look at this

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:11.420 \longrightarrow 00:37:13.830$ is to actually just look at what

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:13.830 \longrightarrow 00:37:15.785$ these samples these features

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}37{:}15.785 \dashrightarrow 00{:}37{:}17.755$ of these samples would look like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:17.755 \longrightarrow 00:37:20.210$ So in the top the top row here

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:20.210 \longrightarrow 00:37:21.818$ are population distributions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:21.820 \longrightarrow 00:37:23.550$ Of these five covariates that

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:23.550 \longrightarrow 00:37:24.934$ were sort of identified,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:24.940 \longrightarrow 00:37:27.341$ and then at the bottom row is

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:27.341 \longrightarrow 00:37:29.450$ actually the study that they had.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:29.450 \longrightarrow 00:37:32.537$ So what their actual sample looked like.

 $00:37:32.540 \longrightarrow 00:37:34.808$ And then the middle is what AD

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}37{:}34.808 \dashrightarrow 00{:}37{:}36.479$ optimal sample would look like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:36.480 \longrightarrow 00:37:38.436$ And then I've overlaid on here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:38.440 \longrightarrow 00:37:39.433$ These are values,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:39.433 \longrightarrow 00:37:43.037$ so giving you a sense if R is greater is 1.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:43.040 \longrightarrow 00:37:45.656$ It means the sample is like the same

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:45.656 \longrightarrow 00:37:47.630$ standard deviation as in the population.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:47.630 \longrightarrow 00:37:49.598$ If R is greater than one,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:49.600 \longrightarrow 00:37:51.514$ it means I've got more heterogeneity

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:51.514 \longrightarrow 00:37:53.859$ in my sample than in my population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:53.860 \longrightarrow 00:37:55.495$ which improves my ability to

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:55.495 \longrightarrow 00:37:56.803$ estimate moderate are effects.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:37:56.810 \longrightarrow 00:37:59.753$ And So what you see are a few things.

 $00:37:59.760 \longrightarrow 00:38:02.488$ One is in that the optimal sample is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:38:02.490 --> 00:38:04.686 It pushes things towards the extremes,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999 00:38:04.690 --> 00:38:05.048 right?

 $00:38:05.048 \longrightarrow 00:38:06.838$ It's pushing them towards the

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:06.838 \longrightarrow 00:38:09.072$ extremes to get endpoints which we

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:38:09.072 --> 00:38:10.927 know from basic experimental design,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:10.930 \longrightarrow 00:38:11.664$ improved abilities.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:11.664 \longrightarrow 00:38:13.499$ The other nice thing though,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:13.500 \longrightarrow 00:38:15.864$ is a concern always when you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:38:15.864 --> 00:38:17.840 doing experimental design like this

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:17.840 \longrightarrow 00:38:20.157$ is that you're going to get your

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}38{:}20.157 \dashrightarrow 00{:}38{:}22.330$ highly focused on like a linearity

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:22.330 \longrightarrow 00:38:24.502$ assumption that you're going to your.

00:38:24.510 --> 00:38:26.784 Your ideal sample would have a

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:26.784 \longrightarrow 00:38:28.550$ strong linearity assumption to it,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}38{:}28.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}38{:}31.063$ but because you have multiple variables an

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:31.063 \longrightarrow 00:38:33.757$ because not all design runs are possible.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:33.760 \longrightarrow 00:38:34.753$ In the population,

 $00:38:34.753 \longrightarrow 00:38:37.070$ you end up with these middle points

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}38{:}37.135 \dashrightarrow 00{:}38{:}39.295$ as well so you don't end up with

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:39.295 \longrightarrow 00:38:40.938$ only things on both extremes.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:40.940 \longrightarrow 00:38:43.355$ You end up with some middle points

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:43.355 \longrightarrow 00:38:46.572$ which allow you to be able to estimate

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:46.572 \longrightarrow 00:38:48.260$ nonlinear relationships as well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:48.260 \longrightarrow 00:38:50.178$ Me and a Third Point with me.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:38:50.180 --> 00:38:52.084 You can see that you would just end

 $00:38:52.084 \longrightarrow 00:38:54.483$ up with a lot more variation and so

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:38:54.483 --> 00:38:55.656 not surprisingly, total students,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}38{:}55.656 \dashrightarrow 00{:}38{:}56.748$ which, again schools studies,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:56.750 \longrightarrow 00:38:58.268$ tend to over represent very large

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}38{:}58.268 \dashrightarrow 00{:}38{:}59.770$ schools and large school districts.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:38:59.770 \longrightarrow 00:39:01.898$ You can see this is a place where

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:01.898 \longrightarrow 00:39:03.646$ there would be really a real

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:03.646 \longrightarrow 00:39:05.380$ opportunity for a change that in

 $00:39:05.447 \longrightarrow 00:39:07.225$ the sample this was less than one

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:07.225 \longrightarrow 00:39:09.330$ an in the in the optimal sample

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}39{:}09.330 \dashrightarrow 00{:}39{:}11.340$ it would be greater than three.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:39:11.340 --> 00:39:13.908 But you can see this for most of

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:13.908 \longrightarrow 00:39:15.630$ these variables that you could.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:39:15.630 --> 00:39:17.250 You could potentially improve your

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:39:17.250 --> 00:39:19.260 power and ability to estimate things

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:19.260 \dashrightarrow 00:39:20.910$ related to demographics as well.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:20.910 \dashrightarrow 00:39:23.318$ And in my paper I actually show that

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:23.318 \longrightarrow 00:39:25.530$ because many of these are proportions,

 $00:39:25.530 \longrightarrow 00:39:27.402$ you can actually also think about

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:27.402 \longrightarrow 00:39:29.088$ student level moderate yrs because

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}39{:}29.088 \dashrightarrow 00{:}39{:}30.608$ proportions conveniently like the

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}39{:}30.608 \operatorname{--}{>} 00{:}39{:}32.508$ variation in proportions at the

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:32.564 \longrightarrow 00:39:34.280$ individual level as a function of

 $00:39:34.280 \longrightarrow 00:39:35.774$ the proportion at the aggregate.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00{:}39{:}35.774 \dashrightarrow 00{:}39{:}38.526$ And so you can actually kind of work out

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:38.526 \longrightarrow 00:39:41.785$ a way to select your samples so that you can.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:39:41.790 --> 00:39:44.193 Estimate individual affects,

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

00:39:44.193 --> 00:39:47.397 not just cluster aggregates

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:47.397 \longrightarrow 00:39:49.800$ for those variables.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:49.800 \longrightarrow 00:39:51.949$ OK, and so then the final point.

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:51.950 \longrightarrow 00:39:54.278$ I just want to make is that the

 $00{:}39{:}54.278 \dashrightarrow 00{:}39{:}56.962$ other thing that this shows is that

NOTE Confidence: 0.861584369999999

 $00:39:56.962 \longrightarrow 00:39:58.992$ there's real benefit to augmentation

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00{:}39{:}59.067 \dashrightarrow 00{:}40{:}00.152$ so. Maybe? You know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:00.152 \longrightarrow 00:40:02.642$ maybe I'm not going to be able to

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:02.642 \longrightarrow 00:40:05.183$ convince people to go switch to selecting

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:05.183 \longrightarrow 00:40:07.230$ their samples based upon extremes.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

00:40:07.230 --> 00:40:09.720 But maybe you can convince people

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:09.720 \longrightarrow 00:40:12.030$ that they could preserve 5 or 10.

 $00:40:12.030 \longrightarrow 00:40:14.610$ You know 10% or 25% of their

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:14.610 \longrightarrow 00:40:16.090$ sample for D optimality.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

00:40:16.090 --> 00:40:16.960 So you choose.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:16.960 \longrightarrow 00:40:19.465$ In this case it would be like choose

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

00:40:19.465 --> 00:40:21.913 30 of your sites using stratified

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

00:40:21.913 --> 00:40:24.199 sampling to represent the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:24.200 \longrightarrow 00:40:26.720$ and then look for like an additional

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

00:40:26.720 --> 00:40:29.289 class tenor 11 sites that might be

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:29.289 \longrightarrow 00:40:31.866$ more extreme that allow you to make

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00{:}40{:}31.866 \dashrightarrow 00{:}40{:}34.164$ sure that you can estimate these.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:34.170 \longrightarrow 00:40:35.702$ These moderate are effects

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:35.702 \longrightarrow 00:40:37.234$ that you're interested in.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:37.240 \longrightarrow 00:40:38.888$ And you can see that doing so key

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00{:}40{:}38.888 \dashrightarrow 00{:}40{:}40.599$ file with these little lines you can

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:40.599 \longrightarrow 00:40:42.716$ see that doing so doesn't have a huge

 $00:40:42.716 \longrightarrow 00:40:44.348$ effect on the average treatment effect,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:44.350 \longrightarrow 00:40:45.575$ but it does greatly improve

NOTE Confidence: 0.892888899999999

 $00:40:45.575 \longrightarrow 00:40:46.800$ your ability to test moderators.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:40:49.510 \longrightarrow 00:40:52.750$ OK, so just to wrap up my take home

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:40:52.750 \longrightarrow 00:40:55.850$ points today, I suppose would be that

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:40:55.850 \longrightarrow 00:40:59.122$ the design of randomized trials has big

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}40{:}59.122 \dashrightarrow 00{:}41{:}01.737$ implications for ability to generalize.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:01.740 \longrightarrow 00:41:04.260$ And that I think we, I think what I've

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}41{:}04.260 \to 00{:}41{:}06.547$ seen over time is that people who are

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:06.547 \longrightarrow 00:41:08.359$ starting to pay attention to that,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}41{:}08.360 \dashrightarrow 00{:}41{:}09.800$ and they're starting to think

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:41:09.800 --> 00:41:11.240 about how populations you know.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:11.240 \longrightarrow 00:41:12.740$ What are the populations I would

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:12.740 \longrightarrow 00:41:14.858$ add as a side benefit of this is

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:14.858 \longrightarrow 00:41:16.454$ I've I've watched as people in

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:16.511 \longrightarrow 00:41:18.527$ asking people to scientists to think

 $00:41:18.527 \longrightarrow 00:41:20.219$ about what the population is.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:20.219 \longrightarrow 00:41:22.253$ It actually sometimes make some change

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:22.253 \longrightarrow 00:41:24.300$ with the intervention is because you kind

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:24.300 \longrightarrow 00:41:26.510$ of have to realize like is this is this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:26.510 \longrightarrow 00:41:27.950$ If this is the population,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:27.950 \longrightarrow 00:41:31.190$ is this the right intervention?

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:41:31.190 --> 00:41:33.790 The second sort of point I would say,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:33.790 \longrightarrow 00:41:36.346$ is that if we want to sort of estimate

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}41{:}36.346 \dashrightarrow 00{:}41{:}38.189$ and test hypothesis and moderators

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:38.189 \longrightarrow 00:41:40.797$ that we would be wise to actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:40.797 \longrightarrow 00:41:43.533$ plan to do so and to think about how

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:41:43.540 --> 00:41:45.390 to have better design sensitivity

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}41{:}45.390 \dashrightarrow 00{:}41{:}47.240$ and statistical statistical power for

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:41:47.294 --> 00:41:48.854 doing so instead of waiting until

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:48.854 \longrightarrow 00:41:51.285$ the end and then the last point is

00:41:51.285 --> 00:41:52.950 just that this augmentation approach

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:52.950 \longrightarrow 00:41:54.865$ indicates that we don't have to

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:54.865 \longrightarrow 00:41:56.870$ be perfect at this like that,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:56.870 \longrightarrow 00:41:58.490$ we could just, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:41:58.490 \longrightarrow 00:42:01.426$ use do this for part of our sample.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:01.430 \longrightarrow 00:42:03.550$ And we would be better off and then

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}42{:}03.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}42{:}05.969$ I guess I would say maybe my general

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:05.969 \longrightarrow 00:42:08.479$ philosophy in all of this design is that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}42{:}08.480 \longrightarrow 00{:}42{:}10.370$ What I'm trying to do is to get people

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:10.370 \longrightarrow 00:42:12.637$ to think differently and plan differently,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:12.640 \longrightarrow 00:42:13.748$ and by doing so,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:13.748 \longrightarrow 00:42:15.410$ even if you don't succeed 100%,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:42:15.410 --> 00:42:17.066 you're better off than you would

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:17.066 \longrightarrow 00:42:17.894$ have been before,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:17.900 \longrightarrow 00:42:19.652$ and you're now able to be in the

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

00:42:19.652 --> 00:42:21.552 realm in which you have positive

00:42:21.552 --> 00:42:22.605 ITI and heterogeneity,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}42{:}22.610 --> 00{:}42{:}24.765$ and you're able to actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00:42:24.765 \longrightarrow 00:42:26.058$ use statistical methods.

NOTE Confidence: 0.87828714

 $00{:}42{:}26.060 \dashrightarrow 00{:}42{:}27.936$ To get better estimators at the end.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8810891

00:42:30.570 --> 00:42:33.482 Thank you, this is all my contact

NOTE Confidence: 0.8810891

 $00:42:33.482 \longrightarrow 00:42:35.945$ information and this is the paper

NOTE Confidence: 0.8810891

 $00:42:35.945 \longrightarrow 00:42:38.207$ that this talk is really about.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8810891

 $00{:}42{:}38.210 \dashrightarrow 00{:}42{:}40.220$ I'm happy to answer questions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

 $00:42:41.220 \longrightarrow 00:42:42.620$ Thanks so much. Best,

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

 $00:42:42.620 \longrightarrow 00:42:45.141$ I think that's really nice talk and

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

00:42:45.141 --> 00:42:47.235 thank you for being so inspiring.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

 $00:42:47.240 \longrightarrow 00:42:49.166$ And maybe let's open to questions

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

 $00:42:49.166 \longrightarrow 00:42:51.694$ 1st to see if we have any

NOTE Confidence: 0.86773777

 $00{:}42{:}51.694 \dashrightarrow 00{:}42{:}53.254$ questions from the audience.

NOTE Confidence: 0.86638516

00:42:55.280 --> 00:42:58.146 If so, please speak up or, you know,

 $00:42:58.146 \longrightarrow 00:43:00.648$ send a chat. Either one is OK.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}43{:}07.090 \dashrightarrow 00{:}43{:}08.966$ And if not, I can go first.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}43{:}08.970 \dashrightarrow 00{:}43{:}12.514$ 'cause I do have a couple of questions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:12.520 \longrightarrow 00:43:15.330$ So, so first of all, I think you

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:15.330 \longrightarrow 00:43:17.430$ know there is a constant tension.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:43:17.430 --> 00:43:20.238 Of course, like you know when we work with

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:20.238 \longrightarrow 00:43:23.047$ really large trials in the healthcare system,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}43{:}23.050 \dashrightarrow 00{:}43{:}25.820$ I think there is a tension between how do we

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:25.892 \longrightarrow 00:43:28.670$ better represent the population of interest?

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:28.670 \longrightarrow 00:43:30.770$ Because we want to get effectiveness

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:43:30.770 --> 00:43:31.820 information 'cause we're

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:31.820 \longrightarrow 00:43:33.230$ spending millions of dollars.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}43{:}33.230 \dashrightarrow 00{:}43{:}35.534$ But also I think there is a concern

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:35.534 \longrightarrow 00:43:38.247$ on you know how to really better

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:38.247 \longrightarrow 00:43:39.895$ engage these large clusters,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:39.900 \longrightarrow 00:43:42.000$ large healthcare systems or large clinics,

 $00:43:42.000 \longrightarrow 00:43:44.010$ etc. And so I think.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}43{:}44.010 \dashrightarrow 00{:}43{:}45.625$ People end up getting convenience

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:45.625 \longrightarrow 00:43:46.917$ samples because that's reality.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:43:46.920 --> 00:43:48.922 Even though I do believe that there's

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:48.922 \longrightarrow 00:43:50.910$ so much more to improve because

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:50.910 \longrightarrow 00:43:53.046$ they're spending so much money right.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:53.050 \longrightarrow 00:43:54.670$ And then in the end,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:43:54.670 --> 00:43:56.896 you know they may be answering a

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:43:56.896 --> 00:43:58.882 different question if they have a

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:43:58.882 \longrightarrow 00:44:00.826$ very highly selected sample and then

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}44{:}00.826 \dashrightarrow 00{:}44{:}02.738$ people also worry about you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:02.740 \longrightarrow 00:44:04.522$ like you know there are some

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}44{:}04.522 \dashrightarrow 00{:}44{:}06.300$ disparities in their sample selection,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:06.300 \longrightarrow 00:44:08.136$ so that you're basically not covering

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:08.136 \longrightarrow 00:44:10.088$ you know people with maybe more

00:44:10.088 --> 00:44:12.104 vulnerable conditions etc in your study,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}44{:}12.110 \dashrightarrow 00{:}44{:}14.180$ but you wish to answer questions.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:14.180 \longrightarrow 00:44:15.281$ What is population?

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:15.281 \longrightarrow 00:44:18.330$ So I feel like all of this very,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:18.330 \longrightarrow 00:44:20.969$ very relevant, at least to my work.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:44:20.970 --> 00:44:23.826 And so I really appreciate you know this

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:23.826 \longrightarrow 00:44:26.617$ aspect of how to design styles better.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:26.620 \longrightarrow 00:44:29.259$ 1 one of the questions I have

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:29.259 \longrightarrow 00:44:30.390$ is that generally,

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:44:30.390 --> 00:44:33.062 you know we may not really know priority

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00{:}44{:}33.062 \dashrightarrow 00{:}44{:}36.050$ what the effect modifiers are in planning.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:36.050 \longrightarrow 00:44:38.312$ The trial that we may have

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

00:44:38.312 --> 00:44:39.820 not enough knowledge amount.

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:39.820 \longrightarrow 00:44:42.676$ So how does that generally come into

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:42.676 \longrightarrow 00:44:45.270$ the discussion in the design stage?

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:45.270 \longrightarrow 00:44:47.720$ Is it the tradition that in educational

00:44:47.720 --> 00:44:50.589 studies we have a lot of prime knowledge

NOTE Confidence: 0.9289141

 $00:44:50.589 \longrightarrow 00:44:52.600$ on what these effect modifiers are

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

00:44:52.600 --> 00:44:54.768 or? No, so I think this is actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:44:54.768 \longrightarrow 00:44:56.783$ one of the hardest parts, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

00:44:56.783 --> 00:44:57.998 Like I just laid out.

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:44:58.000 \longrightarrow 00:44:59.673$ Sort of, if we knew what the

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:44:59.673 \longrightarrow 00:45:01.139$ why zeros and Y ones were,

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:45:01.140 \longrightarrow 00:45:02.350$ this is what we would.

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

00:45:02.350 --> 00:45:04.286 You know this is that would be optimal,

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:45:04.290 \longrightarrow 00:45:05.736$ but I could be wrong on

NOTE Confidence: 0.862398707692308

 $00:45:05.736 \longrightarrow 00:45:06.710$ what those are, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:45:09.130 --> 00:45:10.394 And I don't know.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:10.394 \longrightarrow 00:45:11.822$ I mean, I think so.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:11.822 \longrightarrow 00:45:13.670$ There's sort of what I call the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:45:13.731 --> 00:45:15.447 usual suspects in education,

00:45:15.450 --> 00:45:17.655 which are like race class and gender,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00{:}45{:}17.660 \dashrightarrow 00{:}45{:}19.418$ which are really more of concerns

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:19.418 \longrightarrow 00:45:20.990$ about disparity or about closing

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:20.990 \longrightarrow 00:45:22.715$ achievement gaps in various ways.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:22.720 \longrightarrow 00:45:24.460$ And so those in depth and

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:45:24.460 --> 00:45:26.706 urbanicity I would add seems to be

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:45:26.706 --> 00:45:28.406 something that people often like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00{:}45{:}28.410 \dashrightarrow 00{:}45{:}30.300$ What add into that as characteristics.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:30.300 \longrightarrow 00:45:31.880$ Those are the ones that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:31.880 \longrightarrow 00:45:33.144$ people most often use.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:33.150 \longrightarrow 00:45:34.725$ But the and those are

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:34.725 \longrightarrow 00:45:35.985$ available in population data,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:35.990 \longrightarrow 00:45:37.625$ which is the other thing

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:37.625 \longrightarrow 00:45:38.933$ that your limit your.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00{:}45{:}38.940 \dashrightarrow 00{:}45{:}40.914$ A real limiter is what is available

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:40.914 \longrightarrow 00:45:43.430$ in the population, sure.

 $00:45:43.430 \longrightarrow 00:45:46.240$ What I gather is more likely to be a moderate

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00{:}45{:}46.309 \operatorname{--}{>} 00{:}45{:}48.997$ are or something like baseline achievement,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:45:49.000 --> 00:45:49.348 right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:49.348 \longrightarrow 00:45:52.480$ So if my outcome is achievement then I would,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:52.480 \longrightarrow 00:45:54.526$ I would think that what the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:54.526 \longrightarrow 00:45:56.309$ achievement is baseline in any

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:56.309 \longrightarrow 00:45:58.049$ of these places would matter.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:45:58.050 \longrightarrow 00:46:00.126$ That's harder to get an education.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:46:00.130 --> 00:46:02.218 I mean that information from places,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:46:02.220 \longrightarrow 00:46:04.516$ so there's been some work trying to

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

00:46:04.516 --> 00:46:06.400 equate tests across states.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:46:06.400 \longrightarrow 00:46:08.140$ I guess that they do.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8577501

 $00:46:08.140 \longrightarrow 00:46:08.490$ Sometimes

NOTE Confidence: 0.8494228

 $00:46:08.490 \longrightarrow 00:46:10.962$ they use gain scores just to subtract off

NOTE Confidence: 0.8494228

 $00:46:10.962 \longrightarrow 00:46:13.010$ that baseline achievement, right? They

00:46:13.010 --> 00:46:13.910 do. Yeah, exactly,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:13.910 \longrightarrow 00:46:16.392$ but the problem is that like if you

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

00:46:16.392 --> 00:46:18.646 wanted to use state tests or something,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:18.650 \longrightarrow 00:46:20.778$ there are different tests in every state,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:20.780 \longrightarrow 00:46:22.694$ and so there's all of these

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:22.694 \longrightarrow 00:46:24.730$ equating issues that go in with it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:24.730 \longrightarrow 00:46:26.746$ My guess is that implementation is another

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:26.746 \longrightarrow 00:46:29.240$ one that people often come up with is

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:29.240 \longrightarrow 00:46:30.500$ like something with implementation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:30.500 \longrightarrow 00:46:32.528$ Now this is tricky because implementation

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00{:}46{:}32.528 \operatorname{--}{>} 00{:}46{:}34.178$ is coming after assignment and

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

 $00:46:34.178 \longrightarrow 00:46:35.666$ so it's really like a mediator.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

00:46:35.670 --> 00:46:37.500 But if you think about often,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:37.500 \longrightarrow 00:46:38.524$ if you think implementation

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:38.524 \longrightarrow 00:46:40.502$ may be part of what is leading

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

 $00{:}46{:}40.502 \dashrightarrow 00{:}46{:}42.058$ to treatment effect variation,

 $00:46:42.060 \longrightarrow 00:46:44.588$ then you can kind of think well what.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

 $00:46:44.590 \longrightarrow 00:46:45.922$ Affects implementation and so

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

 $00{:}46{:}45.922 {\:{\circ}{\circ}{\circ}}>00{:}46{:}47.920$ people can sometimes think a little

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:46:47.978 \longrightarrow 00:46:49.743$ more carefully about what affects

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

00:46:49.743 --> 00:46:51.155 implementation like Oh well,

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778 00:46:51.160 --> 00:46:51.902 it's probably.

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

00:46:51.902 --> 00:46:54.499 You know, it's probably easier to implement

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00{:}46{:}54.499 \dashrightarrow 00{:}46{:}56.696$ this in schools that are like this.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00{:}46{:}56.700 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}00.536$ Then schools that are not like that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85132122777778

 $00:47:00.540 \longrightarrow 00:47:02.658$ You might try to find various

NOTE Confidence: 0.851321227777778

 $00:47:02.658 \longrightarrow 00:47:04.360$ measures of this for the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8922803

 $00:47:04.360 \longrightarrow 00:47:07.768$ implementation that sounds more like a.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8922803

 $00{:}47{:}07.770 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}09.674$ It's sort of a version of multiple

NOTE Confidence: 0.8922803

 $00:47:09.674 \longrightarrow 00:47:11.305$ treatments, and it's a violation of

NOTE Confidence: 0.8922803

00:47:11.305 --> 00:47:12.392 the suitable condition, probably.

 $00:47:12.392 \longrightarrow 00:47:13.480$ Yeah, yeah, exactly yeah.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}13.480 --> 00{:}47{:}15.384$ So I mean so it it gets.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:15.390 \longrightarrow 00:47:17.016$ It gets tenuous. Yeah, I don't.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:47:17.020 --> 00:47:18.916 I don't have this is, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:18.916 \longrightarrow 00:47:21.060$ this is like I when I first started

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:47:21.121 --> 00:47:22.729 doing this work I was like,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:22.730 \longrightarrow 00:47:24.606$ well assuming moderate yrs and assume a

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:24.606 \longrightarrow 00:47:26.270$ population moving on as a statistician.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}26.270 \longrightarrow 00{:}47{:}27.896$ But actually those are the two

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:27.896 \longrightarrow 00:47:29.301$ hardest things when working with

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}29.301 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}30.676$ people in planning these trials

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:30.676 \longrightarrow 00:47:32.250$ is thinking about what they are.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:32.250 \longrightarrow 00:47:33.876$ I'll give you an example though.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}33.880 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}36.645$ Uh, like a positive case which was.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:36.650 \longrightarrow 00:47:39.086$ I was part of designing something called

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:47:39.086 --> 00:47:41.430 the National Study of learning mindsets,

 $00:47:41.430 \longrightarrow 00:47:43.310$ which is we randomly sampled

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:43.310 \longrightarrow 00:47:45.480$ 100 high schools in the US,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:45.480 \longrightarrow 00:47:48.424$ and then we randomly and then the students.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:48.430 \longrightarrow 00:47:49.036$ There were.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}49.036 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}50.854$ Ninth graders were in the study

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:50.854 \longrightarrow 00:47:53.004$ and so 9th graders were randomly

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:47:53.004 \longrightarrow 00:47:55.224$ assigned to either using a computer

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}55.285 \dashrightarrow 00{:}47{:}57.375$ based intervention to a growth

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:47:57.375 --> 00:47:59.047 mindset intervention or something

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}47{:}59.047 \dashrightarrow 00{:}48{:}02.152$ that was not growth mindset that was

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:02.152 --> 00:48:05.240 just sort of control condition and.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:05.240 \longrightarrow 00:48:07.464$ And in doing that we had the social

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}48{:}07.464 \dashrightarrow 00{:}48{:}09.124$ psychologist I was working with had

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:09.124 \longrightarrow 00:48:11.353$ a lot of questions like we had a

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:11.353 \longrightarrow 00:48:13.153$ lot of hard questions about these

00:48:13.153 --> 00:48:15.195 moderators and they had a lot of

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:15.195 \longrightarrow 00:48:17.169$ theories about what they might be like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:17.170 \longrightarrow 00:48:19.170$ So we oversampled like we.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:19.170 --> 00:48:21.782 Looked at for example,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:21.782 \longrightarrow 00:48:25.047$ proportion of students that are

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:25.047 \longrightarrow 00:48:28.117$ minorities in the school and then.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:28.120 \longrightarrow 00:48:30.066$ And when we started we wanted to

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:30.066 \longrightarrow 00:48:31.897$ stratify on that as well as school

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:31.897 \longrightarrow 00:48:33.738$ at a measure of sort of school

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:33.738 \longrightarrow 00:48:34.890$ achievement as well,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}48{:}34.890 \dashrightarrow 00{:}48{:}38.066$ and so we needed to be able to

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:38.066 \longrightarrow 00:48:40.948$ cross these in a way in order to.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}48{:}40.950 \dashrightarrow 00{:}48{:}43.353$ In order to D alias these trends and so

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:43.353 \longrightarrow 00:48:45.630$ that they could estimate one without,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:45.630 --> 00:48:46.254 you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:46.254 \longrightarrow 00:48:47.502$ without estimating with separated

 $00:48:47.502 \longrightarrow 00:48:50.000$ from the other. So a lot of it.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:50.000 \longrightarrow 00:48:50.876$ So I mean,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:50.876 --> 00:48:53.430 in some places people are much more better,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:53.430 \longrightarrow 00:48:54.363$ much better theoretically.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:54.363 --> 00:48:55.296 Thinking about this,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:55.300 \longrightarrow 00:48:57.309$ I think some fields are better at

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:48:57.309 \longrightarrow 00:48:58.927$ thinking about these mechanisms than

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:48:58.927 --> 00:49:01.540 other fields are, but yeah, it's really hard.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:01.540 \longrightarrow 00:49:02.401$ It's really hard.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:02.401 \longrightarrow 00:49:04.410$ So my my other other than my

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:04.476 \longrightarrow 00:49:06.222$ like standard set, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:06.222 \longrightarrow 00:49:07.777$ race, class and gender is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}49{:}07.780 \dashrightarrow 00{:}49{:}11.028$ I often ask people to to think about.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:11.030 \longrightarrow 00:49:12.734$ Watch what variables might just be

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:12.734 --> 00:49:14.154 related to other things, right?

 $00:49:14.154 \longrightarrow 00:49:15.290$ That if you could.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:15.290 --> 00:49:17.486 If you can think of it as like I

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:17.486 \longrightarrow 00:49:19.060$ ultimately want to test moderators

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:19.060 \longrightarrow 00:49:20.968$ that I don't really know exactly

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:21.025 \longrightarrow 00:49:21.820$ what they are,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:21.820 --> 00:49:24.084 but I need to get variation in them,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:24.090 \longrightarrow 00:49:25.794$ and that means probably by getting

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:25.794 \longrightarrow 00:49:26.930$ variation in something else.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00{:}49{:}26.930 \dashrightarrow 00{:}49{:}29.486$ I'm going to get variation in those as well,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264 00:49:29.490 --> 00:49:31.150 so. NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:31.150 --> 00:49:33.472 The size of your site, you know,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:33.472 --> 00:49:34.094 I think,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:34.094 \longrightarrow 00:49:36.910$ is one place where you know an education.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:36.910 \longrightarrow 00:49:38.938$ You can see that everybody's in

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:38.938 \longrightarrow 00:49:39.952$ very large sites.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

00:49:39.960 --> 00:49:42.680 And So what if we increase the variation?

 $00:49:42.680 \longrightarrow 00:49:44.370$ The variation of district size

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:44.370 \longrightarrow 00:49:45.384$ and school size?

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:45.390 \longrightarrow 00:49:47.442$ It seems like has to increase

NOTE Confidence: 0.85544264

 $00:49:47.442 \longrightarrow 00:49:49.459$ variation of some other things as

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:49:49.460 \longrightarrow 00:49:50.489$ well. Agreed, agreed.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00{:}49{:}50.489 \to 00{:}49{:}53.301$ Yeah, I think another aspect why I so

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

00:49:53.301 --> 00:49:55.395 appreciate like the aspect of effect

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00{:}49{:}55.395 \dashrightarrow 00{:}49{:}58.377$ modifiers is that it really is a way to

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:49:58.377 \longrightarrow 00:50:00.326$ move forward with information from Co.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:00.326 \longrightarrow 00:50:02.414$ Buryats and then when we talk

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:02.414 \longrightarrow 00:50:04.940$ on 80 in a randomized study,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:04.940 \longrightarrow 00:50:06.425$ we often ignore covariates and

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00{:}50{:}06.425 \to 00{:}50{:}08.502$ then just hold that the unadjusted

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:08.502 \longrightarrow 00:50:10.618$ analysis provides unbiased estimates,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:10.620 \longrightarrow 00:50:12.888$ even though that may come with

 $00:50:12.888 \longrightarrow 00:50:14.022$ a larger variation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:14.030 \longrightarrow 00:50:16.690$ So by really talking about effect modifiers,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:16.690 \longrightarrow 00:50:18.580$ we somehow incurve those information,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:18.580 \longrightarrow 00:50:20.854$ but perhaps even in the estimation

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:20.854 \longrightarrow 00:50:22.370$ of the average affect,

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:22.370 \longrightarrow 00:50:23.890$ which can increase precision.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83546096

 $00:50:23.890 \longrightarrow 00:50:24.650$ So yeah.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85203755

 $00:50:26.800 \longrightarrow 00:50:27.070$ Yeah.

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00{:}50{:}30.360 \dashrightarrow 00{:}50{:}32.112$ Yeah I haven't questioned,

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:32.112 \longrightarrow 00:50:34.740$ so I actually have two questions,

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00{:}50{:}34.740 \dashrightarrow 00{:}50{:}36.930$ so seems you're you're interested

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:36.930 \longrightarrow 00:50:38.678$ in both individual level

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:38.680 \longrightarrow 00:50:41.310$ an cluster level moderators right? When

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

00:50:41.310 --> 00:50:43.500 you have cluster level moderators,

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:43.500 \longrightarrow 00:50:45.690$ how does that work with

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:45.690 \longrightarrow 00:50:47.002$ the augmentation design?

00:50:47.002 --> 00:50:48.754 'cause you mentioned that

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:48.754 \longrightarrow 00:50:50.506$ in the orientation design,

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:50.510 \longrightarrow 00:50:54.158$ you might want to pick like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:54.160 \longrightarrow 00:50:56.290 10 \text{ or } 30\% \text{ of the sides.}$

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:56.290 \longrightarrow 00:50:58.065$ An kind of like choose

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:58.065 \longrightarrow 00:50:59.486$ them samples from those.

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:50:59.486 \longrightarrow 00:51:01.922$ But how do you choose those 3%?

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

00:51:01.922 --> 00:51:03.908 You choose those third percent with

NOTE Confidence: 0.79443485

 $00:51:03.908 \longrightarrow 00:51:06.228$ respect to the cluster level modelers.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8195881

 $00:51:06.230 \longrightarrow 00:51:09.070$ You could do it with respect to either.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8195881

 $00{:}51{:}09.070 \dashrightarrow 00{:}51{:}11.660$ You can do it with respect there

NOTE Confidence: 0.8195881

00:51:11.660 --> 00:51:13.834 because it depends the way you

NOTE Confidence: 0.8195881

 $00:51:13.834 \longrightarrow 00:51:15.814$ enter them into the model so.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:17.850 \longrightarrow 00:51:20.390$ You work out so you can work out that if

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:20.453 \longrightarrow 00:51:23.120$ if I'm interested in the individual level.

 $00:51:23.120 \longrightarrow 00:51:25.122$ Moderate are that that what I need

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:25.122 \longrightarrow 00:51:27.445$ to do is I need the I actually

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00{:}51{:}27.445 \dashrightarrow 00{:}51{:}29.624$ need to include as a covariate the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

00:51:29.624 --> 00:51:32.420 interaction between like X an 1 -- X.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:32.420 \longrightarrow 00:51:33.970$ That's what I included here

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:33.970 \longrightarrow 00:51:34.900$ as the covariates.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00{:}51{:}34.900 \dashrightarrow 00{:}51{:}37.021$ I'm 'cause I want to increase the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:37.021 \longrightarrow 00:51:38.310$ variation within sites right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00{:}51{:}38.310 \dashrightarrow 00{:}51{:}40.790$ And so you could do it either way,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:40.790 \longrightarrow 00:51:42.030$ because what it's doing,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:42.030 \longrightarrow 00:51:43.580$ what the augmentation approach does?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:43.580 \longrightarrow 00:51:45.883$ Is it assess is how much variation

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:45.883 \longrightarrow 00:51:48.599$ you have in those 30 sites already.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:48.600 \longrightarrow 00:51:52.128$ And then it looks for possible design runs,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:52.130 \longrightarrow 00:51:53.843$ meaning other samples.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:53.843 \longrightarrow 00:51:57.840$ Other places that would greatly improve that.

00:51:57.840 --> 00:51:59.358 And it just it doesn't algorithmically,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:59.360 \longrightarrow 00:51:59.999$ which is nice.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:51:59.999 \longrightarrow 00:52:02.026$ The that I would say I should add an

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

00:52:02.026 --> 00:52:03.478 extra benefit of this is concerned

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:03.478 \longrightarrow 00:52:05.219$ with all of this sample recruitment

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:05.219 \longrightarrow 00:52:06.724$ is that there's non response.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

00:52:06.730 --> 00:52:08.000 You're never going to get,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:08.000 \longrightarrow 00:52:10.540$ you know it's not like I can just say like.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:10.540 \longrightarrow 00:52:11.046$ Here's your.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

00:52:11.046 --> 00:52:12.817 Here's your like 40 sites go ask

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:12.817 \longrightarrow 00:52:14.598$ them and they're going to say yes,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:14.600 \longrightarrow 00:52:16.310$ but with the augmentation approach if

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00{:}52{:}16.310 \dashrightarrow 00{:}52{:}18.149$ somebody says no you can like throw

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:18.149 \longrightarrow 00:52:19.963$ that out and then go look for it

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276

 $00:52:19.963 \longrightarrow 00:52:21.463$ like what's the next best alternative

00:52:21.463 --> 00:52:24.076 so you can keep kind of iterating.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8542276 00:52:24.076 --> 00:52:24.540 So, NOTE Confidence: 0.85717666

00:52:24.540 --> 00:52:26.170 so in our current application,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85717666

 $00:52:26.170 \longrightarrow 00:52:30.114$ I think the attributes are all cluster level.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85717666

 $00:52:30.120 \longrightarrow 00:52:31.332$ Information right summary statistics

NOTE Confidence: 0.85717666

 $00:52:31.332 \longrightarrow 00:52:32.849$ yeah yeah, well that's what

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:32.850 \longrightarrow 00:52:34.042$ I have right here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:34.042 \longrightarrow 00:52:36.207$ That's in the in the slides but

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

00:52:36.207 --> 00:52:38.037 I didn't include in here though

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:38.037 \longrightarrow 00:52:40.186$ is like you could it's but it's

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}52{:}40.186 \longrightarrow 00{:}52{:}42.544$ in the paper is you could also do

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:42.544 \longrightarrow 00:52:44.054$ this with individual level only.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:44.060 \longrightarrow 00:52:46.058$ For proportions mean because just because

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}52{:}46.058 {\:\dashrightarrow\:} 00{:}52{:}48.298$ the proportion works out that you can get.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}52{:}48.300 \dashrightarrow 00{:}52{:}50.112$ You can think about this with

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}52{:}50.112 \dashrightarrow 00{:}52{:}51.675$ the same statistics you would

 $00:52:51.675 \longrightarrow 00:52:53.145$ get at the cluster level.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}52{:}53.150 \to 00{:}52{:}55.302$ You can't get the variation you can with

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:55.302 \longrightarrow 00:52:57.387$ a normal like a continuous variable.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:52:57.390 \longrightarrow 00:52:58.642$ I can't get the.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

00:52:58.642 --> 00:53:00.520 I don't have the standard deviation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00{:}53{:}00.520 --> 00{:}53{:}02.510$ Insights I can't do that,

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

00:53:02.510 --> 00:53:04.850 right, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:53:04.850 \longrightarrow 00:53:06.150$ Also, the other question

NOTE Confidence: 0.85039884

 $00:53:06.150 \longrightarrow 00:53:07.778$ is about so it seems

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:07.780 \longrightarrow 00:53:09.400$ like all these designs are

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00{:}53{:}09.400 \dashrightarrow 00{:}53{:}11.028$ under the assumption that you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:11.030 \longrightarrow 00:53:12.650$ interested in all the moderators,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00{:}53{:}12.650 \dashrightarrow 00{:}53{:}14.600$ like equally like meaning that you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:14.600 \longrightarrow 00:53:16.876$ not like you don't have like primary

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:16.876 \longrightarrow 00:53:18.505$ moderators that you're interested in

 $00:53:18.505 \longrightarrow 00:53:20.454$ estimating the moderate effect on and

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:20.454 \longrightarrow 00:53:23.046$ then you have a couple of them that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:23.050 \longrightarrow 00:53:24.680$ I mean, if you you

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:24.680 \longrightarrow 00:53:26.630$ can. So I mean, what's great?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:26.630 \longrightarrow 00:53:29.177$ I mean, I think about this like this area

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:53:29.177 --> 00:53:31.564 is that it's been so richly developed

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:53:31.564 --> 00:53:34.038 in this other sort of design runway

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:34.038 \longrightarrow 00:53:36.467$ is that you can actually add weights.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00{:}53{:}36.470 \dashrightarrow 00{:}53{:}38.621$ So you can say like I'm more like or

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:38.621 \longrightarrow 00:53:40.884$ more interested in this variable than

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:40.884 \longrightarrow 00:53:42.942$ that variable, and it will focus.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:42.942 \longrightarrow 00:53:45.330$ You know it will focus on one

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:45.330 \longrightarrow 00:53:46.950$ variable over the other.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:53:46.950 --> 00:53:48.696 Because you Can you imagine like

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:48.696 \longrightarrow 00:53:50.439$ that ask like that D matrix.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:50.440 \longrightarrow 00:53:51.588$ The determinant of S.

 $00:53:51.588 \longrightarrow 00:53:53.640$ You could just add weights into that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:53:53.640 --> 00:53:55.558 So if you add weights into that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:53:55.558 --> 00:53:58.049 then you can start looking at the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:53:58.049 \longrightarrow 00:54:00.054$ determinant of that weighted version.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

00:54:00.060 --> 00:54:01.758 Right, so you would add weights

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:54:01.758 \longrightarrow 00:54:03.456$ in that matrix and optimize that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:54:03.456 \longrightarrow 00:54:04.020$ Yeah exactly,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00{:}54{:}04.020 \longrightarrow 00{:}54{:}05.679$ if you add weight so that some

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:54:05.679 \longrightarrow 00:54:07.470$ of the Kobe rates are getting

NOTE Confidence: 0.8673171

 $00:54:07.470 \longrightarrow 00:54:08.826$ more weight than others.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00:54:10.400 \longrightarrow 00:54:13.179$ So I guess just maybe more precisely,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00{:}54{:}13.180 \dashrightarrow 00{:}54{:}15.556$ I think the D optimality criteria.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00{:}54{:}15.560 \dashrightarrow 00{:}54{:}17.545$ Shouldn't that be the X

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00:54:17.545 \longrightarrow 00:54:19.530$ transpose V universe in general?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

00:54:19.530 --> 00:54:21.515 Just because you're working with

 $00:54:21.515 \longrightarrow 00:54:23.103$ clustered randomized studies so

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00{:}54{:}23.103 \dashrightarrow 00{:}54{:}25.119$ that the outcome correlation is

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

00:54:25.119 --> 00:54:27.069 somehow included in that variance?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00:54:27.070 \longrightarrow 00:54:29.296$ Is that what the algorithm is

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

00:54:29.296 --> 00:54:31.840 trying to get in general for?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8543322

 $00:54:31.840 \longrightarrow 00:54:34.250$ Yeah yeah.

NOTE Confidence: 0.81006

00:54:34.250 --> 00:54:36.690 Inverse, yeah, it's the X prime X inverse,

NOTE Confidence: 0.81006

 $00:54:36.690 \longrightarrow 00:54:38.220$ which is the covariance. Yeah,

NOTE Confidence: 0.81006

 $00:54:38.220 \longrightarrow 00:54:40.660$ but but really not so it you don't.

NOTE Confidence: 0.81006

 $00:54:40.660 \longrightarrow 00:54:42.358$ You don't need to have the

NOTE Confidence: 0.81006

 $00:54:42.358 \longrightarrow 00:54:44.010$ variance matrix of the outcome.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:54:45.570 --> 00:54:47.930 Exactly, you don't need to have the outcome,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:54:47.930 --> 00:54:49.689 it's all about the inputs, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:54:49.689 --> 00:54:51.363 But that's, which is why you

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:54:51.363 --> 00:54:53.244 can do it in advance, right?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:54:53.244 \longrightarrow 00:54:55.596$ So it's all about the Android just nicely.

 $00:54:55.600 \longrightarrow 00:54:56.782$ You can leverage population

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:54:56.782 \longrightarrow 00:54:58.258$ data that you have totally.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:54:58.258 \longrightarrow 00:55:00.722$ And again, I assume in all of this

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:55:00.722 \longrightarrow 00:55:02.295$ that like there's measurement error

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:55:02.295 --> 00:55:04.108 and that you know you can just

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:55:04.108 --> 00:55:05.891 sort of assume that like you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:55:05.891 --> 00:55:08.025 not going to get it exactly right,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:55:08.025 \longrightarrow 00:55:09.975$ but my baseline comparison is always

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

00:55:09.975 --> 00:55:12.408 what are we doing now versus what could

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:55:12.408 \longrightarrow 00:55:14.869$ we be doing an like frankly anything.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00{:}55{:}14.870 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}17.093$ Any you know it looks to me like we

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:55:17.093 \longrightarrow 00:55:18.836$ have fairly homogeneous samples and

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00{:}55{:}18.836 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}21.915$ that any effort we can make to increase

NOTE Confidence: 0.8557798

 $00:55:21.915 \longrightarrow 00:55:24.075$ that heterogeneity is an improvement.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88261515

 $00:55:28.050 \longrightarrow 00:55:30.786$ So, well, I think we're about the hour,

 $00:55:30.790 \longrightarrow 00:55:33.016$ but let's see if we have any

NOTE Confidence: 0.88261515

 $00{:}55{:}33.016 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}34.890$ final questions from the audience.

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

00:55:40.450 --> 00:55:42.858 Alrighty, if not, I think you know I'm,

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00:55:42.860 \longrightarrow 00:55:44.995$ I'm sure if you have any questions

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00{:}55{:}44.995 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}46.838$ that petition will we have to

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00:55:46.838 \longrightarrow 00:55:48.278$ answer them offline by email?

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00:55:48.280 \longrightarrow 00:55:50.065$ So thanks so much. Again, bath.

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

00:55:50.065 --> 00:55:52.630 It's really nice to have you and thanks to

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00{:}55{:}52.698 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}55.194$ every body for attending or see all of you.

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

00:55:55.200 --> 00:55:58.056 Hopefully after the break so have

NOTE Confidence: 0.80667937

 $00{:}55{:}58.056 \dashrightarrow 00{:}55{:}59.958$ a great holiday. See you later.

NOTE Confidence: 0.77599597

 $00{:}56{:}02.150 \dashrightarrow 00{:}56{:}03.646$ Totally not master connect

NOTE Confidence: 0.77599597

 $00:56:03.646 \longrightarrow 00:56:04.762$ alright, thanks again.

NOTE Confidence: 0.77599597

00:56:04.762 --> 00:56:08.917 Talk to you later. By take care.